

ORATION OF A YOUNG MEMBER

Representative Bede, of Minnesota, Delivered a Telling Speech in Congress Last Night.

FROM OBSCURITY TO PROMINENCE

Other Washington News That is Very Interesting to Many Persons—Gossip of the National Capital.

(Special by Scripps-McIntae.)

Washington, Jan. 29.—J. Adam Bede, a Republican representative from Minnesota, made his maiden speech in the house Thursday, and when he had finished, after his time had been extended by unanimous consent, it was agreed by both Republicans and Democrats that he had "won his spurs." In a vein half serious and half humorous, he discussed all sides of the political situation in both parties with good-natured thrusts at the Democrats, which were responded to in like spirit. At times both sides of the chamber joined in vigorous applause. He defied the Democrats to name their presidential candidate when he was invited by the minority to join its ranks, but no name was forthcoming. He declared that the vote for Roosevelt in the West would be like the census returns, and that the only opposition to the President was from the little "bunch of populists in Wall street." The Democrats, continued Mr. Bede, are without a leader, and he advised them to get away from issues. He quoted the question, "Why don't the Democrats reorganize?" and then demanded: "What are you going to do when you get organized?" Speaking of the Monroe doctrine, Mr. Bede said it is just as big as the United States navy, and no bigger. "Do away with the navy and the Monroe doctrine will go," he insisted. Representative Benny of New Jersey spoke in defense of Mr. Bryan, and declared that it is the Republican party that is sick. "They have not got Dr. Hanna to help them out," he said. He would inscribe on the shaft to the Republican party at its death that its politics of "let well enough alone," "stand pat," and "We hold the ace" killed it. Concluding, he said there will be one issue that cannot be dodged, as follows: "Are the railroads to be permitted to drive one set of men out of business and make millions out of another set, and are they to be permitted to favor the Standard Oil Company?"

ADOPT UPTON'S TACTICS.

Recent Changes in Army Were Urged Twenty-five Years Ago.

Washington, Jan. 29.—Recommendations of changes in the army written twenty-five years ago, which embrace the latest ideas adopted in the war department, are contained in a remarkable book, "Military Policy of the United States," written by the late Maj. Gen. Emory Upton, and just published by the department. Among the ideas he set forth are the three battalion formation in cavalry and infantry regiments, interchangeable service in staff and line as against permanent staff departments, examinations as conditions to promotions, a general staff and the systematic extension of military education. All of these ideas, then new, are in practice, even as set out in the book. Gen. Upton, according to Secretary Root, who directed this publication, was most fit to undertake such a difficult task as writing of this work. He had not only the widest experience in the field during the civil war, but he had a perfect genius for organization and tactics. These attainments he supplemented by a personal tour of Europe to observe the workings of the military systems of that continent, one of the results of which was the revolution of military tactics of the United States.

MEET TO FIX MINERS' WAGES

Operators and Union Hold Joint Conference at Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 29.—The bituminous coal operators and miners of Illinois, Indiana, Ohio and Western Pennsylvania, the central competitive district, met Thursday to consider wages and working conditions for the year beginning April 1. The decision will affect 117,000 miners. Before the conference ends an attempt will be made to include Iowa in the central district. The move is favored by the Iowa operators and, it is said, by the miners' union, which desires also to admit West Virginia and central Pennsylvania. John Mitchell, president of the Mine Workers, said in a speech: "The union will welcome every eligible man, whether he be Democrat, Republican, Populist or Socialist. All I ask is that he shall not thrust politics down the throats of other members." He denied having any intention of accepting a government position, saying: "I prefer to be at the head of this organization."

States army.

Consular Appropriations.

Washington, Jan. 29.—The diplomatic and consular appropriation bill has been completed by the house committee on foreign affairs and ordered reported. The measure carries a total appropriation of \$1,906,000, an increase of \$28,550 over the appropriation for the present year. Of this increase \$12,000 is for the diplomatic service in the Republic of Panama. An item of \$11,000 is included for the consular service in Manchuria.

New Post Exchanges.

Washington, Jan. 29.—Secretary Root has transmitted to the house the report of a board of army officers on the expenditure of the \$500,000 appropriation for "post exchange schools, library, amusement rooms and gymnasium" made in 1902. The report shows that twenty-nine post exchanges are being constructed in various parts of the country out of this fund at an expense of \$482,705.

Service Pensions.

Washington, Jan. 29.—Representative Loudenslager introduced a bill providing for a service pension of \$3 per month to all veterans of the civil war who served ninety days, \$10 to those who served two years and \$12 to those who are over 62 years of age and served three years or more, \$10 to widows of soldiers and \$12 to widows of soldiers who would receive that amount under the bill.

Aid for Negroes.

Washington, Jan. 29.—Representative Lamb of Virginia introduced a bill appropriating \$1,200,000 to the Negro Development and Exposition Company of the United States of America, incorporated under the laws of Virginia. Of this \$1,000,000 is to enable a creditable exposition to be made by this company at the Jamestown exposition to be held in 1907.

Charges Against Delegate.

Washington, Jan. 29.—Charges have been filed at the interior department against E. S. McGuire, the delegate from the house from Oklahoma, charging that in violation of the law he has been prosecuting claims in behalf of Indians and accepting fees therefor while serving as a delegate in congress.

Hunt Site for Statue.

Washington, Jan. 29.—The Secretary of War and the German Ambassador here are looking over the available sites in the War College grounds from which to select a prominent place for the statue of Frederick the Great, which is the gift of the Kaiser to the American people.

Amends Constitution.

Washington, Jan. 29.—A proposed new article to the constitution was introduced by Representative McDermod of New Jersey prohibiting the incorporation by states of corporations to engage in business outside of the state.

Flag Desecration.

Washington, Jan. 29.—The senate committee on military affairs authorized a favorable report on the bill to prevent the desecration of the American flag after amending it so as to reduce the minimum punishment from \$50 to \$10.

IS SHOT WITH NOISELESS GUN

Woman Charged With Robbery Gives Cause of Her Wounds.

Miller, S. D., Jan. 29.—At the trial of Miss Hattie Picher, the pretty school teacher who is charged with having donned man's clothes and assisted in holding up, drugging and attempting to rob Wilbur Quirk, a clerk in Collins' drug store, the state offered testimony to show that she told the physician who attended her wound that she was shot with a noiseless gun, like that with which the robbers threatened Quirk. Miss Picher has not yet taken the witness stand.

Fine Residence Burns.

Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 29.—The residence of A. J. Elias burned, together with furniture and bric-a-brac. The loss is \$75,000; insured.

German Rear Admiral.

Berlin, Jan. 29.—Commodore Schoder, in command of the German West Indian squadron, has been appointed a rear admiral.



TEN ARE KILLED; FIVE INJURED

Acetylene Gas Explosion—Near Avignon, France, Proves Fatal to Many.

(Special by Scripps-McIntae.) Paris, Jan. 29.—Ten persons were killed and five seriously injured in an explosion of acetylene in a cafe in the village of Rognans, near Avignon.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES

John Dillon has gone to the south of Italy under his doctor's orders and will not return to Ireland or engage in politics for four months. Mr. and Mrs. Harry Dennistone, who have been married forty years, will celebrate their tenth wedding anniversary Feb. 29 at La Crosse, Wis.

Henry Phipps, the steel magnate, has donated \$20,000 to the Johns Hopkins hospital, Baltimore, to establish a separate out-patient department for consumptives.

Prof. J. Leon Magnes, professor of Hebrew in Union college, Cincinnati, has been called to the pastorate of Temple Israel, Brooklyn. He is a native of Oakland, Cal., and a graduate of the university of Heidelberg. J. P. Morgan, Jr., who for the last six years has resided abroad, arrived in New York yesterday with his wife and family aboard the Mauretania. The two Misses Morgan with a number of friends were waiting at the pier to meet their brother.

A notable improvement has taken place in the health of Mrs. Samuel L. Clemens, wife of "Mark Twain." Mr. Clemens is very busy with writing and it is his habit to dictate to his secretary as he walks up and down his wife's room at Florence, Italy.

W. W. Russell, secretary of the American legation at Caracas, Venezuela, has been appointed charge d'affaires at Panama. Mr. Russell's nomination to his new post is heartily endorsed by all the American residents of Caracas. He will leave for Panama at once.

It is probable that Rear Admiral B. J. Lambertson, commander in chief of the south Atlantic squadron, who has been pronounced by the medical survey unfit for service on account of his eyesight and is on his way home, will be succeeded by Rear Admiral Charles J. Barclay, commander of the Puget Sound navy yard.

King Victor Emmanuel has signed a decree appointing Signor Riva Italian minister to Persia. Signor Riva was at one time consul general of Italy at New York and later he was Italian minister at Caracas, Venezuela. He was recalled by Signor Prinetti, the then foreign minister, during the trouble between Venezuela and Germany, Great Britain and Italy last year.

Illness Calls Bryan Home.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 29.—Miss Nanie Bryan, sister of W. J. Bryan, is critically ill with tubercular peritonitis at the home of her sister, Mrs. T. S. Allen, in this city. Her illness took a sudden change for the worse and Mr. Bryan was wired to return home.

Not Guilty of Embezzlement.

St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 29.—J. H. Heino has been on trial in the United States court on charge of having embezzled \$1,500 of government money while cashier of the local customs office, was given a verdict in his favor by the jury.

CIVIL CASES ARE DROPPED TODAY

Suits Started in the Police Courts Against Powers, Davis and Williams, Dismissed.

(Special by Scripps-McIntae.) Chicago, Jan. 29.—The cases of Davis, Powers and Williams, before the police justice, started two weeks ago, were dismissed this morning on account of want of prosecution, the coroner's jury having held the men to the grand jury.

SUSPICION POINTS TO STRANGE HOTEL GUEST

Man Who Registered From Polo, Ill., May Be Slayer of Bedford School Teacher.

Bedford, Ind., Jan. 29.—Suspicion now points to a man who registered at the Park hotel from Polo, Ill., a day or two before Miss Sarah Schafer was killed as her probable murder. He answers the description of the man seen talking with Miss Schafer, or a woman dressed like her, at the mouth of the alley where Miss Schafer was first attacked. The landlord of the Park hotel says the man was first seen the night of the murder. He was in the Monon station, and had been out in the rain without an umbrella. The man made the claim that he had been to the station to meet a man who failed to arrive.

In the office he was restless, walking from one part of the room to the other and looking out of the window. He registered in a firm hand as from Polo, Ill.

His clothing was disarranged, as if he had been in a struggle, but there were no blood marks on it. He had plenty of time to have washed them off, however. It was near midnight when he went to bed.

The next morning the landlord heard the report of the murder and went to the scene. When he returned to the hotel the lodger was gone. He had not eaten breakfast, nor had he settled his bill.

Mrs. Johnson, who owns the boarding house where Miss Schafer boarded, has received a letter mailed from Cincinnati and signed "The Great Man," which detectives think is written in a disguised hand. It is poorly spelled, and reads:

I killed Miss Schafer because she would not marry me, and we had some words. I write this letter to let you know the detectives are on the wrong track. I am going far away."

Pharmacy Secretary.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 29.—Fred C. Dadds of this city has been appointed temporarily to fill the position of secretary of the board of pharmacy.

To Stop Auto Racing.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 29.—A bill to stop automobile racing in Ohio has been introduced by Senator Overturf in the legislature.

To Hang for Murder.

Paris, Ill., Jan. 29.—Frank Dawson has been sentenced to hang March 13 for the murder of Anna Partman.

Heavy Loss in Lumber.

Tonawanda, N. Y., Jan. 29.—A \$200,000 fire has occurred in the lumber district.

MAYOR AMES HAS NOW BEEN FREED

State Supreme Court of Minnesota Acts on Ex-Mayor's Case Today.

(Special by Scripps-McIntae.) Minneapolis, Jan. 29.—The state supreme court has freed ex-Mayor Ames, convicted and sentenced for malfeasance in office, today.

STATE NOTES

The stockholders of the Wausau Telephone company have voted to sell the Marinette county toll lines to the Wisconsin Telephone company for \$6,000.

While a beggar was waiting for a Deloit preacher to dust an overcoat to give the man, the tramp after accepting the coat, abstracted \$20 from a pocketbook that was nearby and escaped.

The Glenwood W. C. T. U. has taken steps to reestablish a public library. The old library will be taken in charge and largely added to with funds in the union's treasury, and suitable rooms secured for library and reading room purposes.

By a decision handed down by Judge James J. Dick in the circuit court at Juneau today the incorporation of the village of Neosho, two years ago is sustained in all points. Judge Williams ordered a new trial of the damage suit of Geuder & Paesche company against the city of Milwaukee.

Catherine S. Carlton has applied for letters of administration in the estate of her husband, Abner Leighton Carlton. His estate is estimated at \$4,500.

Judge Halsey gave a dispensation permitting Mrs. Susan Felling, who took the name of Miss Susan Fry at her divorce from Herman Felling, Jan. 6, to remarry. She told the judge that she had an opportunity to marry a man who would furnish her and her daughter a suitable home.

Judge Carpenter has directed Archibald A. Coates, as administrator of the estate of Ida M. Coates, to file an account of his administration and show cause why some other person should not be appointed trustee of a legacy provided in the will to Carl M. Coates. According to the account filed Oct. 7, in response to a petition of the heirs, the value of the estate is \$50,867.64.

William D. Harper began divorce proceedings against Mary D. Harper yesterday in the Superior court on ground of incompatibility of temperament. They were married at Detroit in 1877 and have three daughters. Mr. Harper is president of the W. W. Harper company.

Two rivers merchants have organized an association to affiliate with the National Association of Retail Dealers. L. C. Williams is president. While the dwelling of Charles Hart of Appleton burned, Mrs. Hart was carried from the building to a neighbor's on her sickbed.

Next Monday the new county system of free delivery will be started in Racine and Kenosha counties.

Nothing Thrown In.

"Has anybody engaged the berth above me?" asked the passenger in the sleeping car. "No, sir," said the conductor. "Then will you please tell the porter to fold it up so I can have a little more air?" "Certainly not, sir," "Why not?" "Because, sir, that would be giving you more air than you have paid for, and you can see for yourself that we can't do business on that principle."

WAR AT HAND IN THE FAR EAST

Russia's Answer to Japan Is Said To Leave No Other Course Open.

DECLINES TO GRANT ALL DEMANDS

Czar's Council of State Positively Refuses to Grant the Integrity and Independence of China.

(Special by Scripps-McIntae.)

St. Petersburg, Jan. 29.—The Russian reply to Japan's latest note, prepared by the council of state, and unofficially communicated to the Japanese minister by Count Lamsdorf, is of such a nature that the Mikado's government apparently will have no recourse left but to declare instant war.

The draft reply will be submitted to the czar, and in all probability will be official, presented to the Tokyo government by Saturday. After that but a few hours will probably elapse before the formal declaration of hostilities. Indeed, it is said that M. Kurino, the Japanese minister here, has already been notified to hold himself in readiness to leave Russia at a moment's notice.

Would Cut Up China.

According to an official whose word may be absolutely relied upon, the reply as drawn by the Grand Duke Alexis and approved by the entire council of state refuses in uncompromising terms to guarantee the integrity of China, the point on which Japan was most insistent in her last note. Japan proposed then, as she had done before, that the two powers should mutually agree to respect "the integrity" and independence of China and Korea. "The Russian ministers struck out the word 'Korea,' as they had done before, and while framing their refusal in courteous language gave Japan distinctly to understand that there was no use in insisting on this demand, as Russia would never consent to grant it.

Calls Japan Upstart Power.

As the informant puts it: "We have spent nearly fifty years in pressing across Siberia to an open port on the Pacific, and the control of the yellow races. Are we to be cheated out of our well-earned gains now, at the dictation of an upstart power only heard of internationally since our goal appeared within reach?"

WILL RELY ON BRITISH COTTON

Growers Learn Government Will Aid Developing African Fields.

London, Jan. 29.—The Duke of Marlborough, under secretary for the colonies, received a deputation from the British Cotton Growers' association at the colonial office. The duke expressed the sympathy of the government with the movement to secure an adequate supply of British grown cotton. Large areas will be planted immediately in West Africa. The association is satisfied that the work done is past the experimental stage. Detailed plans to restrict gambling in cotton were discussed at a meeting of the Master Cotton Spinners at Manchester. The principal propositions were to discontinue buying of futures, to increase the purchases of costs, insurance and freights cotton and to carry larger stocks as a protection against market fluctuations. An alternative plan was to purchase for a stipulated monthly delivery. The subject finally was referred to a special committee.

Swallows False Teeth.

Berlin, Jan. 29.—The well-known millionaire brewer, Berthold Schoeler, suffocated to death in his home in Rhein-Hessen. He had accidentally swallowed his false teeth, and he died before they could be removed.

Big Sale of White Pine.

Duluth, Minn., Jan. 29.—A sale of 12,000,000 feet of white pine has just been made here to a Toronto firm, to go to England and The Hague. The price was about \$250,000.

LULU PRICE KENNEDY DID NOT DO WRONG, THEY SAY

Kansas City Girl on Trial for Shooting Her Former Husband, Is Found Not Guilty by the Jury Today.

(Special by Scripps-McIntae.)

Kansas City, Jan. 29.—Mrs. M. Lulu Price-Kennedy-Kramer was found "not guilty" of the murder of her former husband, Philip Kennedy. Emotional insanity was her defense. On the first trial she got a ten years' term. Three years ago Mrs. Kennedy fired three bullets into her husband and kicked the dying man in the face, saying, "You will never betray another girl." Kennedy had sued for divorce alleging marriage was forced upon him by the girl's father and brother at the point of a pistol.

"Russia will never guarantee the integrity of China. To do so would be to cancel the effects of all her diplomatic labors for half a century. At the same time Russia is not prepared at this time to suggest the partition of China, and would far rather have been left to follow her own course and to have preserved the peace of the world. Still, if it comes to a choice between surrender to Japan and war, war will follow."

Say Reply Is Pacific.

Subsequently to the preparation of the report and its signature by the various ministers, semi-official assurances were given out that it was so pacific in tone that all danger of a clash might be considered at an end. In support of this statement, which was but a resolution of those many others which have always followed the preparation of a note to Japan since the crisis became acute, it was announced that Count Lamsdorf had agreed to meet M. Kurino, the Japanese minister, in private consultation. It was at that meeting, it is said, that the minister was given to understand that Japan must either withdraw her claim for the integrity of China or have recourse to arms.

Mikado's Minister Reports.

After his conference with Count Lamsdorf M. Kurino would say nothing, but notwithstanding the lateness of the hour he was busy at the embassy preparing a lengthy telegraphic report for his government, which was subsequently cabled. It is understood this report contained an unofficial resume of the reply Russia will officially present in a few days.

The nature of the Russian reply did not become known here till all the government offices were closed, and none of the ministers who were seen was prepared to express any opinion as to the outcome. It was noticeable, however, that they continued at their offices long after usual, and long after the clerks and others had gone home.

SAY YOUNG HUSBAND MURDERED HIS WIFE

Youth of 19 Is Indicted on Charge of Killing His Bride With a Shotgun.

Lebanon, Ind., Jan. 29.—Cyrus M. Todd, a farmer, has been arrested on a grand jury warrant charging him with the murder of his young wife, a bride of a few months. He was brought to this city and placed in jail.

Mrs. Todd was killed at her home near Jamestown Dec. 31 by a charge of shot, which entered her left breast and passed through her heart. No one was at the house at the time except her husband, who reported that he had come in from a hunt with a severe headache, thrown his shotgun down on the bed and lain down beside it. He said his wife picked up the gun by the muzzle and dragged it across the bed toward her, that the trigger caught in the bed clothing, the gun was discharged and the shot entered her body.

The fact that the gun had what is known as a safety hammer aroused suspicion and the case was brought to the attention of the grand jury, which returned an indictment.

Todd is 19 years of age and was married last March. His wife was a daughter of ex-County Commissioner James McLean.

The day of prayer for colleges was observed by Deloit college on Thursday by the suspension of all college activities. Several religious services were held.

CONGRESS ACTS
ON LAND LAWSSTEPS ARE BEING TAKEN TO
STOP LAND GRABBING

GRABBING IN THE WEST

This Will Mean Much to the Future
Generations of Small Farmers in
the United States.

Washington, Jan. 29.—(Special).—The statement is heard around the capitol and the hotel lobbies of Washington that there is no possible chance of land law repeal this session of congress. The opponents of legislation which repeal certain of the land laws and check land grabbing, admit that some amendments or modifications of the existing laws may be made, but that the repeal absolutely of any of these laws and particularly the Desert Land law is a thing impossible and out of the question.

This calls to mind very forcibly similar statements and prophecies heard at just about a corresponding date of the year that the National Irrigation bill became a law, much to the surprise of even some of its friends.

It is probable that these opponents of land law repeal are speaking advisedly. Whatever they may themselves think on the subject, they are anxious to secure a general impression, if possible, that these laws cannot be repealed. It is recognized, however, by the best informed statesmen on the subject that the question has now come to the point where it must be met squarely. The public land is disappearing into speculative and corporate holdings at such an enormously rapid rate that it will do to temperize the question no longer. Unless effective legislation is enacted, and comparatively at once, there will be little left worth legislating about.

"We have reached the point on this land question," said a prominent western senator, "where we have got to substitute acts for words. We have got to do something at this session of congress. The opposition to this repeal of the land laws, the Desert act, the commutator's clause and the timber act—are carefully sparring for time, as though the question was a brand new one, and one which we did not understand in the west. It is far too well understood, so well understood that men find no difficulty in getting about all they want of our best irrigation and timber lands, in utter disregard of the spirit of our land enactments which have been popularly believed to foster homebuilding and settlement."

Another Washington legislator who has been following the land question for some years smiled significantly when asked for his opinion regarding some of the various amendments to the land laws which have been introduced by western men.

"These amendments and modifications," he said, "always, of course, in the interests of the people, are quite amusing, especially in their apparently drastic effects. About all such proposed legislation that I have seen thus far would be like breaking out the fangs of a poisonous serpent, there are always dormant fangs lying back of them and these soon grow out again and are ready for business."

"These energetic statements in their activity to amend and modify our land laws remind me of the situation a dozen years ago when there was a great overhauling of the land laws accompanied with the blare of trumpets and much buncombe talk as to how the rights of the government and of the homeseeker were being guarded; nevertheless, it seems that these fellows left the laws in a condition very well suited for their wholesale grab operations now in progress. The amendments and modifications now proposed are largely along the same lines. Sifted down to the bottom they would simply make land-grabbing a little more laborious, and slightly more expensive probably, but the land is much more valuable than it ever was before and the grabber would still be well on top."

EXAMINATION FOR
RURAL CARRIERSWill Be Held Saturday, January 30,
1904, at Three O'clock in
the Afternoon.

Following is the notice posted in the postoffice calling for an examination for the appointment of rural carriers.

The Postmaster, Janesville, Wis.—After an investigation of the feasibility of the establishing the proposed new rural free delivery route from your office I will hold an examination for the appointment of a carrier and the establishment of an eligible register for filling future vacancies in the service on the proposed route. The examination will begin promptly at the hour of 3 p. m., Saturday, January 30, 1904. No applicants will be admitted to the examination after the hour above stated. Respectfully, C. B. Welton, special agent and examiner, rural free delivery service.

Young Men—Trust thyself, make your heart vibrate with an iron string. Make yourself a man among men. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will do the business. 35 cents, tea or tablet form. A. Volss' Pharmacy.

A CARD

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Green's warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

J. P. Baker, Geo. E. King & Co., E. B. Holmstrom, Smith's Pharmacy, Peoples Drug Co., J. E. Rasmus & Co., Janesville, Wis.

La Crosse Leader and Press: Attorney General Sturdevant may know his "p's" and "q's," but he doesn't know his "d's" and "t's."

WEATHER REPORT
FOR PAST YEARDr. Wilson, of the Milwaukee Weather
Station, Has Some Interesting
Facts Compiled.

In the Milwaukee postoffice the government has established a weather bureau. This department of the national organization that sends out daily reports of the wind and possible temperature is in charge of Dr. W. M. Wilson. During the summer months a weekly farm letter is sent out by the doctor, a copy of which is published each week in The Gazette as soon as issued from the Milwaukee office. At the end of the year a general report on the weather for the past 365 days is issued and the following is the report for the past year:

The summer of 1903 was unusually cold, the average deficiency of temperature for June, July, August and September being 2.7 degrees. The mean annual temperature for the state was 43.2 degrees, which is about .6 degrees below the normal for the year and 1.5 degrees colder than 1902. The warmest month was July, with an average of 69.1 degrees and the coldest, December, with an average of 12.7 degrees.

In March the greatest variation from the normal was noted, the average temperature for this month being 8.8 degrees. The coldest month in comparison with the normal was December with an average of 7.2 degrees below. Prairie du Chien on July 29 had the highest recorded temperature in the state, 99 degrees, while the lowest temperature was registered at Grantsburg on Feb. 16, when the thermometer dropped to 40 degrees below, making an absolute range for the state of 139 degrees.

Last year the precipitation of 35.33 inches was 4.79 inches above the normal. During the past seven years the averages were as follows: 1898, 31.21; 1897, 27.75; 1896, 28.07; 1895, 32.83; 1900, 34.65; 1901, 26.24; 1902, 32.81.

With an average precipitation of 37.1 inches, summer months were unusually wet. The distribution of the precipitation was fairly uniform, being somewhat greater in the northern counties than elsewhere and least in the Fox River valley. The greatest annual precipitation was at Grantsburg, 47.23 inches; the least was at Pine River, 27.62.

LOCAL BOWLERS
ARE VANQUISHEDMet Overwhelming Defeat by Score
of 508 Points in Contest with
Rockford Last Night.

Janesville bowlers met a disastrous defeat at the hands of the Rockford men in the Drexel alley in the Forest city last evening. The local team was outplayed by a total of 508 points and returned at midnight over the electric line somewhat crestfallen as a result. The scores were as follows:

	Janesville	Rockford
Rubland	170	174
Gibson	160	176
Hockett	149	149
Baumann	182	171
Golt	147	184
Total	808	854
	2360	
Neeham	171	138
Welch	193	189
G. Neuham	180	243
Forberg	225	245
Gregory	181	185
Total	950	989
	2868	

COUNTY TO PAY
A CROW BOUNTYThe County Board Decides That the
Unusual Bird Spreads
Cholera, and Must Die.

On motion of Supervisor Gettle at the closing session of the county board yesterday, a resolution that a bounty of ten cents on crows be paid out of the county funds was passed. To receive the bounty the slayer must exhibit the dead bird before the chairman of the town in which it was killed and otherwise comply with the provision of chapter 414, laws of 1903. It was the consensus of opinion that the birds assist in the spread of cholera by carrying the carrion of animals that have been infected with the disease from farm to farm.

PRIVATE POSTAL CARDS
WILL CEASE TO EXISTUse of Tons of Them for Advertising
Purposes Has Clogged
the Mails.

After July 1 private postal cards bearing the words "United States of America" on the side on which the address is written will cease to exist. An order to this effect has been issued by Third Postmaster General Madden. The use of tons of these large cards by advertising concerns has clogged the mails and made this move necessary.

P. L. MYERS GOES TO ATTEND
THEATRE MANAGERS' MEETINGSession of Northwestern Association
Opens in Appleton Today—Aims
to Secure Better Ways.

Peter L. Myers left this morning for Appleton where he will attend the annual session of the Northwestern Theatre Managers' Association. The organization covers a large territory in Wisconsin and Michigan, including the cities of Appleton, Ashland, Eau Claire, Fond du Lac, Green Bay, Janesville, Madison, Oshkosh, Sheboygan, Superior, in this state and Calumet, Escanaba, Hancock, Iron Mountain, Ishpeming, Marquette, Menominee, and the "So" in Michigan. The purpose is to secure better plays and more satisfactory schedules by a united effort on the part of various managements.

Prof. C. C. Nash of Rockford, Ill., expects to open magnetic healing parlors in this city about March 1st.

AMONG THE
WORLD'S WORKERSNews Notes From Various Sources of
Great Interest to the Workingman.

The strike of Chicago livery drivers is at end, the strikers winning a completed victory. They were conceded the closed shop and all other conditions they enjoyed during the past year. The question of wages will be arbitrated. Each side will select five and then an umpire.

The Blast Furnace Workers' Association has 50,000 members and embraces all the territory as far West as Chicago, South to Alabama, and North to Buffalo.

It is proposed to have a conference among labor leaders at the St. Louis fair next year, with a view of starting agitation for the eight hour day in every part of the country.

Trades unions at Toronto, Canada, have organized a central body on the trade sectional plan.

New York photo-engravers who have been organized in rival unions have consolidated.

Fifty years ago the English government employed about 2,000 women; now it engages 26,000.

Wages of 160,000 men have been reduced by the cut made by the United States Steel Corporation and subsidiary companies.

There are 227 lead pencil factories in Germany, which employ 2,813 persons and export each year 1,614 tons of pencils worth \$2,000,000.

Union seamen have organized in opposition to the Frye Bill, which provides other things prevented the advancement of wages to seamen.

In Belgium women shirtmakers work 12 hours a day for \$3 a week and the men work the same hours for \$4 per week.

ALL PERSONS WHO
THINK OF TRAVELShould Read These Requirements
Regarding Examination of
Their Baggage.

Janesville persons who have the mania for foreign travel or who are contemplating a delightful trip to foreign climes during the coming year should read the following requirements carefully. Secretary Shaw has issued the following circular to all passengers from foreign vessels who land on this shore, which will help the custom officers to find if anything dutiable is in the trunks. Of course, this does not affect those persons who return with yards of lace wound around their body under their dresses, but the ordinary traveler who does not intend to defraud the government:

All must declare under oath all dutiable articles in acting deputy collector, who will board the vessel at quarantine. This declaration will be verified on the pier. The senior member of a family may include all the others.

State the exact number of pieces of baggage.

Give cost or foreign value of each article.

Keep original receipted bills if possible.

Each person is entitled to bring in fifty cigars or 300 cigarettes for his own use.

Duties will be assessed at the foreign market values at the time of exportation, with due allowance for wear or depreciation. A failure to declare dutiable articles in your possession will render the same liable to seizure and confiscation and you to criminal prosecution.

In case passengers are dissatisfied with the values placed upon dutiable articles, they have the privilege to demand a reexamination, but application therefor should be immediately made to the deputy collector, at the pier. If, for any reason, this is impracticable, the packages containing the articles should be left in customs custody and application for re-appraisal made to the collector at his custom house, in writing, within two days after the original appraisement.

Government officers are forbidden by law to accept anything but currency in payment of duties. It is unlawful for customs officers to receive any "tip" or gratuity, and to offer the same is a violation of the law.

A resident of the United States returning thereto is entitled to bring with him, free of duty, personal effects taken abroad by him as baggage, provided they have not been remodeled or improved abroad so as to increase their value, and in addition thereto, articles purchased or otherwise obtained abroad, of a total value not exceeding \$100. Such articles may be for the use of the person bringing them, or for others, but not for sale.

Non-residents of the United States are entitled to bring with them as baggage, free of duty, all wearing apparel, articles of personal adornment, toilet articles, and similar personal effects in actual use and necessary and appropriate for the wear and use of such persons and their present comfort and convenience, not intended for other persons or for sale.

The law expressly forbids the importation into the United States of garments made in whole or in part of the skins of prohibited fur seals, and unless the owner is able to establish by competent evidence and to the satisfaction of the collector, either that the garments were purchased prior to Dec. 29, 1897, or that the animal from which the skin was taken was captured elsewhere than in prohibited waters, entry will not be allowed.

Pretty Miss Nellie Hascomb, Omaha: "I owe my good looks and health to Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Have fully regained my health." 35 cents, tea or tablets. A. Volss' Pharmacy.

WOULD IMPROVE
FARMERS' STATUSBIG DAY AT MILTON JUNCTION
MEETING THURSDAY

LA FOLLETTE SPEAKS TODAY

He Discusses the Freight Rates, at
the Meeting of Pomona
Grange.

At the second day's session of the Milton Junction Farmers' convention yesterday President W. C. Daland of Milton college read a paper on "Impressions of West Africa." This was partly on account of a visit the speaker made a tribe of Fanti negroes on the gold coast in the winter of 1899-1900. Mr. Daland gave his impressions of the country, the climate, the people, and also of the white men who visit the west African coast for trade. He said that the solution of the negro problem, either in Africa or in this and other countries, is to be sought in training in industries, and that it is the duty of the white race to set the black man an example of honesty, industry, temperance, and social purity.

James Talks
"The Grange and Its Mission" was presented by Aaron Jones of South Bend, Ind., master of the National Grange, who said in part: "The Grange is a fraternal organization with its membership composed of farmers. The organization seeks to promote the agricultural interests of the country by meeting and asking for legislation, state and national, that will give to agriculture equal opportunity under the law."

La Follette Speaks
This morning the last day of the session was opened by prayer by Rev. W. T. Miller of Milton. Hon. Aaron Jones, the head of the Grange, then spoke on the subject, "Should Farmers Organize?" It was a clear-cut address and forcibly told of the needs of the farmers today and what they should do to benefit themselves.

Mr. Jones is an able speaker and his arguments favored the organization of the farmers. George McKerrrow of the farmers' union at Onalaska, Wis., then read an address on "This afternoon Governor La Follette gave an address on Discrimination of Freight Rates. The address was his old talk with a few changes to suit local conditions and was listened to by the many farmers who have been in attendance all the week, and those who came specially for the speech of the afternoon."

SLICHTER TALKS
AGAINST COCHEMSChairman of the University Athletic
Committee Does Not Want Re-
cent Graduate to Coach.

"I would rather lose \$800 than allow E. B. Cochems on the football field during a championship game. It makes no difference if the student athletic board gives him a contract as assistant coach, he can not be his sanction. He failed to keep his promise to remain in the law school and reports have come from authorities at Fargo to the effect that he is hotheaded on the field."

This is the language in substance of Prof. Charles S. Slichter, faculty supervisor of athletics at the University of Wisconsin, at a meeting of the athletic council, called to act on the election by the board of directors of E. B. Cochems as assistant football coach and Howard Casselbine as baseball coach. No action was taken because the council stood tied, four in favor of and four opposed to the approval of the Cochems election.

The antagonism of Prof. Slichter springs from the failure of Mr. Cochems to live up to an agreement he is said to have signed the last season he played football on the Wisconsin eleven. He had graduated from the letters and science department and entered the law school to play his fourth year with the football team. Upon the suggestion that he came back merely for athletics he signed a statement promising to remain that whole year in school and stating that he fully contemplated to spend three years of the law school course. He left the university at the close of the football season. Some member of the Fargo, North Dakota, Agricultural school, where Cochems coached two seasons, has written about the impetuosity of the young man on the occasions of contests. At the council meeting Professors Slichter, Meyer and Lenth and Captain Abbott were against Cochems, and Professor Elson and Messrs Keachie and McFarland were for him.

Are You Going to California?
If so, take the True Southern Route via the Iron Mountain from St. Louis through Texarkana and El Paso, avoiding the cold and snow. Daily Pullman service. Also tourist cars leaving St. Louis Wednesday and Thursday. Communicate with L. D. KNOWLES, General Agent, 114 Wisconsin St., Milwaukee.

Notes of the Railroads
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Reports from the elevator men in western Kansas are that the grain blockade which has tied up the crop of the wheat crop of that section is being rapidly broken. It is said that from 60 to 80 per cent of the surplus has been moved and it is expected that shipments will be even with the receipts of Feb. 1.

It has been arranged that the cases of the Central Yellow Pine association against the Illinois Central, the Georgia Yellow Pine association against the Southern Yellow Pine association and the Illinois Central against the Illinois Central will be heard by the interstate commerce commission beginning Feb. 15. The cases involve the long and short haul rate question.

The stockholders of the Baltimore & Cumberland Valley Railroad Extension company, a branch of the Western Maryland railroad, which is a part of the Washburn system, have elected the following directors: T. M. Mahon, Chambersburg; George B. Cole, and Edward R. McPherson, Shippensburg; F. S. Landstreet and Winslow S. Pierce, New York; E. H. Brown, Samuel C. Eastman, W. H. McCardell and W. B. Haycock.

..LINK AND PIN..
News for the Railroad Men.North-Western Road.
Dan W. Richmond, president of the
International Association of Railway
Clerks was in the city yesterday and
stated that the St. Paul road at Mil-
waukee has recognized the nine hour
day, and will pay for extra work,
over time, holidays and Sundays to
their clerks employed in the Milwaukee
offices.

C. E. Galer is doing the duties of call boy at the freight house for a few days.

The Janesville branch of the International Association of Railway Clerks will go to Beloit next Tuesday to help entertain the Rockford lodge.

Mike George, clerk at the freight house had the misfortune to freeze his nose this morning, while going to work.

Fireman Charles Manning, on the Rockford-Waterloo passenger run is off duty for a few days on account of sickness.

Fireman Will Connell of the Wisconsin division is laying off for a few days.

Hugh Duncan, engineer on the north Wisconsin division is confined to the house by illness.

Fireman Shoenberg is now firing the day switch engine.

Frank Slobert, a boiler washer at the round house is suffering from a bruised foot, having dropped a heavy grate on it some days ago.

Albert Bloom, blacksmith, went to Harvard yesterday to do some repair work.

J. E. Heagerty is now firing on the way freight run No. 583.

Engines Nos. 168 and 747 on the Madison division were sent to the Chicago shops yesterday for needed repairs.

St. Paul Road
It was rumored in the railway yards this morning that there was to be several changes in the management of the road in the general offices in Chicago. The rumor came from the east today that J. N. Barr, assistant to President A. J. Earling, of the Milwaukee road, had resigned, and would be succeeded by E. W. McKenna, who is temporarily assistant President Underwood of the Erie.

Both Mr. Barr and Mr. McKenna are inventors of note, and since Oct. 31, 1895, the latter has been president of the McKenna-Steel Working company of Joliet.

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PURITY.
A pleasant odor or a pretty color pleases the senses, yet these qualities are often used to disguise impurities in soap. Intelligent people and physicians understand this point, therefore in cases calling for a pure soap insist on using and recommending castle soap made from olive oil. No animal fat, no artificial color, no strong perfume to disguise disgusting odors of overripe animal substance.

Castle soap cheap enough to use for laundry purposes, pure enough to use on your baby. We have received 500 pounds of pure white castle soap in one-pound bars which ordinarily are worth 20 cents. We will sell them commencing tomorrow at 10 cents per bar. We want you to use it, feeling certain to make a friend at every sale. Respectfully, BADGER DRUG CO.

Our Shoe Sale
They will be gone and you will be too late. Now is the time, while your sizes are here.
Mittens and Gloves
at half price. It's cold and you need them.
-Saturday's Special-
Sack of Flour \$1.20
1 lb. good Baking Powder25
1 lb. Fine Coffee25
1-2 lb. 50c Tea25
1 lb. good Baking Chocolate35
Total \$2.30
All for \$2.00
Meat Specials
Read carefully and see what you are losing if you are not trading here.
Liver Wednesdays 5c.
per lb.
Pork Chops 10c
Round Steak 10c
Shoulder Steak 10c
Sirloin Steak 12c
Porter H'se Steak 13c
Bulk Pork S'sage 10c
Link Pork S'sage 10c
Frankfort S'sage 10c
Best Rib Roasts 10c
Boiled Ham 25c
Good Boiling Beef 4c to 5c
Choice Boiling Beef 8c to 10c
Elegant Corn Beef 8c
Beef tenderloin,
Salt Pork, Dried Beef
Young Chickens 12 1/2c

Out of the Rut.

The complete confidence of our customers in our honesty, born of experience in dealing here, enables us to hold our increasing trade. Are you one of them? If not, why not? Our Meat and Groceries are first class, and our prices are as low as the lowest and still lower, especially in meats; we can save you from 20 to 25 per cent. What does that mean to you in a year? It will pay you to investigate.

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NEW INVENTION IS BEING MADE

PATENTED IDEA TO ATTRACT AND
STOP CARS.

WOULD ACCOMPLISH MUCH

The Patent Will Cover All Disputed
Points, When It Is
Obtained.

The people of our fair village will hail with joy the announcement that a new patent is pending that will when complete be of inestimable benefit to our citizens. Of course every one would like the opportunity to ride occasionally on the street cars during these very cold days and some might even wish to do so when the weather is warm, and there are people who would like to ride every day, but owing to defective motor-men or conductors, are unable to do so unless they have the ability to jump on to a flying car. The patent says that his invention will serve a triple purpose; it will, with one motion, automatically raise the chairs of motor-men and conductors, turn their heads slowly from right to left and back, raise the eyes so that they may look for passengers at the street crossings, and remove the cotton from their ears so that they may hear the shouts of the passengers who have been waiting for the car for five or perhaps ten minutes at a cold crossing in case they, the motor-men and conductors, shall have absent-mindedly closed their eyes again after having the head raised for them. The patentee hopes that the street railway company will cooperate with him to the extent of not placing any more blind and deaf employees on their system. He wishes that his patent might cover more ground but is of the opinion that it is really the duty of the street railway company itself to remedy several glaring faults in their system. He has been frequently asked such questions as the following: "Whose duty is it to look for passengers, the motor-man or the conductor?" The conductor says it belongs to the motor-man.

Why is it that after you have paid your nickel like a man for the purpose of riding home, after exhausting the last minute you can spare in waiting for a belated car, that car takes you half way and then quietly drops you somewhere along the route to pursue your way home, after being blandly informed by the conductor that his orders are to make a change this trip. (You notice you are never told what to expect until after the nickel is paid.) How large a village is Janesville? Is it deep in debt? Could not the village purchase an extra car for us if the street railway company cannot capture enough shekels from the longing would-be passengers waiting to catch the kindly eye or ear of the propelling forces to do so? Is there no "intelligent" labor in this pretty burg?

A man stated that he lived in the first ward and would always go home to dinner but for the fact that in order to get a car he was obliged to leave his work at 11:20 or wait until 12:10, or walk all the way from the station to his home; that he lives in a thickly settled neighborhood and that many of the residents would like to take a noon car to their homes if the street car company made it possible for them. He also stated that he could not return to his place of business until five to fifteen minutes after one o'clock unless he left his house at a quarter to twenty minutes after 12 o'clock. He further remarked that he had patiently said nothing for some years past because he thought from month to month that an intelligent company would wake up to the fact that they are losing many passenger fares every day by not running a car into the west part of the village so that people could go to their homes at 12 o'clock and return at one.

The patentee is wondering if there was an Interurban, of course there is not, but if there was, an Interurban would not they take charge of the city business? And if they did take charge of the city business, would they not watch out for the ripe plums longing and waiting for them to get into their mouths? And if the Interurban should, as above shown, would the patentee need to complete his patent at all? but while applying to the patent office (Signed) ONE VITO WAITS, but while waiting wears out much shoe leather and sometimes grows hungry. In this connection why does not some enterprising resident establish a system of foot warming lunch stands on our corners?

SHERIFF HAD AN EXCITING TIME

George Appleby Was Thrown from
Cutter and Dragged Several Rods
on Main Street This Morning

Sheriff George M. Appleby had a narrow escape from serious injury this morning. While driving on South Main street near the center of the road he attempted to turn out for a team that was coming from the opposite direction. In so doing one of the deep channels made in the snow to keep the street car rails exposed and the cutter was overturned. Mr. Appleby held onto the reins and was dragged some distance by the frightened horse. He was finally thrown against a hitching post and the sudden jerk on the reins threw the horse. The cutter, which is a new one, was badly wrecked. The sheriff was not seriously hurt.

K. of C. Dance: Great preparations are being made for the Knights of Columbus Monday evening. The annual party will be given in Assembly hall. Smith's orchestra will play and dancing will commence at 8:15. Visiting knights from Rockford, Freeport, Baraboo, Madison and Beloit are expected.

Henry Casey transferred business in Milton Junction today.

FUTURE EVENTS

Mass-meeting of business men at city hall to consider freight clause asked for in franchise of Southern Wisconsin Interurban Ry. Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock.
Janesville high school basketball team plays Burlington at auditorium Friday evening, Jan. 29.
Rusk Lyceum dance Friday evening.

LODGE MEETINGS TONIGHT

BRIEF BITS OF LOCAL NEWS

Talk to Lowell.
Rehberg's shoe sale tomorrow.
A. O. U. W. masquerade, Feb. 4th.
The Mystic Workers' dance, Feb. 2.
Read Rehberg's shoe ad, opposite page.
Rehberg's \$3 shoe ad, page 4.
Plum buns, 5c lb. E. R. Winslow.
Women's misses' and children's low rubbers, 25c per pair Saturday only at King & Cowles.
All Queen Quality \$3.50 shoes tomorrow \$3 a pair. Amos Rehberg & Co.
Williams Kneeland \$4 and \$5 shoes, Schwab Bros. \$4 and \$5 shoes, all go.
Large, sweet, Florida oranges, 25c doz. Lowell.
22 lbs. granulated sugar, 1 sack White Star flour, \$2.10. E. R. Winslow.
Fresh solid meat oysters, Lowell.
\$2.75 shoe sale Saturday at King & Cowles.
Sweet Florida, russet oranges, size 176, 18c doz. Lowell.
Creamery butter, 24c lb. E. R. Winslow.
New York full cream cheese, 15c lb. Lowell.
3-lb. can best tomatoes, 5c. Lowell.
Try our 25c coffee, best for the money, Lowell.
22 lbs. granulated sugar, \$1. Lowell.
22 lbs. granulated sugar, 1 sack White Star flour, \$2.10. E. R. Winslow.
Best 50c tea in the city, Lowell.
Janesville corn, 8c can. Lowell.
22 lbs. sugar, \$1. Lowell.
tomorrow at \$3 a pair. Amos Rehberg & Co.
Any shoe in our store Saturday for Saturday for \$2.75 a pair. King & Cowles.
You can't afford to pass it up; \$3 for any shoe in our store tomorrow. Amos Rehberg & Co.
Any shoe in our store tomorrow, \$3 a pair. Amos Rehberg & Co.
Pettibone's breakfast food, 10c.
Wheatlet, 10c.
Shredded Wheat Biscuit, 10c.
Force, 10c.
Cracked Wheat, 10c.
Franklin Oats, 8c.
Rolled Avena, 8c.
Quaker Oats, 8c.
X-Cel-O, 8c.
22 lbs. granulated sugar, 1 sack White Star patent flour, \$2.10.
1 gal. pall table syrup, 28c.
3-lb. can tomatoes, 5c.
Ev. apples, 7c lb., 4 for 25c.
Prunes, 1c lb., 7 for 25c.
Plum buns, 5c lb.
Creamery butter, 24c lb.
Baldwin apples, 25c pk.
Early June cas, 8c can.
Ed. Winslow, 20 N. Main St. New phone 647; old phone 3321.

NEWS OF A PERSONAL NATURE.

Mrs. M. F. Harrison of Fond du Lac is spending a few days in the city, visiting relatives and friends.
Mrs. Edward Amerpohl has returned from a visit with relatives in Broadhead.
Senator J. M. Whitehead was a Milton Junction visitor today.
Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Helmstreet left today for a visit with friends at Lake Mills.
Attorney Stevens has returned from a short visit in Ann Arbor, Mich.
Turnkey Roy Graves is serving notices in Clinton today.
Messrs. Hager and Stevens of the Hager-Brewing Co. of Jefferson were in the city for the purpose of purchasing a brewery team today.

HAS ANY ROCK CO. FARMER SEEN TERRIBLE SNOW-SNAKE?

New Species Reported to Be Over-running Portions of Marinette County.
"Yank" Cavanaugh, one of Marinette county's "characters," drove to the city from his farm in the wild region of the county bordering on Lakes Julia and Mary, Wednesday, and reported that a large number of snow snakes were infesting that locality. According to his report they are pure white in color and glide along the drifts and banks almost noiselessly. Some of them are enormous in size. Thus far none of these reptiles have been seen in Rock county, so far as can be learned.

BRIEFLETS

Meets Monday: The Twentieth Century Hysteria class meets on Monday next at two o'clock at the Caladonian room.
Thirty-two Below: A first ward report had the thermometer 32 degrees below zero this morning.
Trolley Wire Down: The Janesville street car trolley wire on South Main street was down yesterday at the foot of South Third street; it took several hours to repair the break.
Brunson Case Adjourned: The hearing of the arguments in the case of Ada R. Brunson vs. the Beloit, Delavan Lake & Janesville Ry. Co. was yesterday adjourned until February 12 at ten o'clock. The action is brought for damages to property of the plaintiff alleged to result from the running of cars on Wall and Franklin street—"the loop"—an injunction restraining the company from further using the streets is sought.
In Critical Condition: A trained nurse arrived last night to take charge of Mrs. G. M. Appleby. The physicians have told her that she must remain in bed from thirty to sixty days. She was a trifle better today.
Bids for Printing: The county board at its session passed a resolution authorizing the purchasing committee to invite all newspapers in the county to submit bids for printing the board proceedings and to let the contracts to the lowest responsible bidder.

EDWARD KANN SHOWS FIGHT

DOES NOT ACCEDE READILY TO
WISHES OF COUNCIL.

WAS BROUGHT INTO COURT

Yesterday, To Show Why He Had
Not Furnished the Bond of
\$450—Has Retained Lawyer.

Edward J. Kann of the firm of Kann & Co., dry goods merchants on South Main street, was taken in custody by officers yesterday and required to appear before Judge Fitch in municipal court to show cause why he had not complied with the resolution and amended ordinance adopted by the council at its meeting on January 4. This resolution required the head of a firm to furnish a bond in the penal sum of \$450 guaranteeing the payment of the \$10 a day license fee exacted of transient merchants in case a firm does not remain in business here six months.
May Fight the Case
The hearing of the case was adjourned one week. Mr. Kann has retained an attorney who has been investigating the legality of the council's action and may fight the case. He was released on his own recognizance.

The Legal Side
Mr. Moust, Mr. Kann's attorney, said this afternoon: "Mr. Kann will fight the case. Why shouldn't he? He came here and opened a store and expects to stay here. That ordinance passed by the council did not apply to him. He will win his suit without a doubt. He is a merchant of this city as much as any other merchant."

RAILROADS FEEL THE COLD SNAP

The Northwestern and St. Paul Roads
Handicapped by the Cold
Weather.

While the North-Western and St. Paul railway systems are now in fairly excellent working order, they have had much difficulty during the cold snap of the past few days. The cold snap since Saturday together with the high winds drifting the snow onto the tracks, worked havoc, especially with the passenger and freight traffic.
The trains on both roads have all been delayed for the past few days on account of the severe cold weather, some of them arriving here some six to eight hours late. The new rule adopted by the railroads generally throughout the country of not allowing their engineers to make up lost time has been strictly put in force. The freight from Chicago has not been very heavy up to this morning when several carloads were received at the freight house today.
The engine on the Mineral Point passenger run broke down this morning at the St. Paul depot, and had to be taken to the roundhouse for repairs, delaying the train about one hour. It is stated that there are several dead engines along the lines of both roads, being crippled by the severe weather of the past week.

IN GOOD COMPANY

Carriage Monthly, Authentic Trade Journal, Reproduces Fine Covers. The January issue of "The Carriage Monthly," published by Ware Bros., of Philadelphia, and looked upon as the authentic journal for the carriage trades, reproduces a number of catalogue covers which they say represent high art work. Among them is that of the Wisconsin Carriage Co., of this city, whose catalogue was produced by the department of printing of the Gazette Printing Co. recently.
It is hardly necessary to add that the highest class printed matter is the only kind turned out by this department. Particular people are fast becoming acquainted with this fact.

JURORS WERE DRAWN TODAY

For Spring Term of Circuit Court
Which Begins on February 22—
Janesville Has Big Quota.

The spring term of the circuit court commences on February 22. From present indications it will be a short session. There will be a personal injury case brought here from Racine, the action brought against the city clerk, and some other minor actions. The jury committee consisting of Mayor A. O. Wilson, Robert Moore of Bradford, and E. F. Hanson of Beloit met today and drew the names of the thirty-six men to act as jurors. Janesville, as usual, is represented by a large quota.

The Jury List
The names are as follows: William Lockwood, John Fulton, B. C. Jackson, Charles Staller, John Nelson, Ernest E. Clemens, Frank P. Welch, A. W. Baumann, E. D. Fish, and O. L. Brownell of the city of Janesville; J. J. Riordan and John S. Kenney of Beloit; Esia Fish of Center; Grant Robinson and Charles Stark of Edgerton; Frank Ashby and Archie Swan of Spring Valley; Richard Dixon of Lima; Dexter Gray of Johnstown; F. J. Barzen and C. A. Salsbury of Clinton; Robert Atchison and L. H. McCoy of Magnolia; C. S. Boynton of Bradford; William Bradley of Fulton; William Porter of Port; Herman Binger of Rock; George Kettle of town of Janesville; William Crandall of Harmony; J. C. Gillies of Evansville; John Wall of Union; Fred Hahn and W. W. Swingle of Turtle; T. O. Wee of Orfordville; C. B. Woodman of La Prairie, and Julius Cozzens of Newark.

Notice
The Rock County Telephone Co. will issue a new directory early in February. All persons expecting to become subscribers should hand in their names immediately. The directory is issued annually.
We have over 1,000 subscribers. Residence rate, 5 cents a day. Private line.

JANESVILLE MEN OWN PRIZE BIRDS

Many Awards Captured by the Bower
City Exhibitors at
Delavan.

Twenty-seven straight prizes and no one knows how many specials have been won by Janesville fine game chickens at the recent show of poultry being held in Delavan this week. E. M. Fredendall, Wm. McVicar, J. H. McVicar and Hemmens Bros. were the Janesville exhibitors who carried away honors. In speaking of the show the Delavan Enterprise says:

Birds in the highest degree of perfection and showing of feather, including over fifty varieties, and over a thousand in number, forming an attraction, unparalleled at any other poultry show in the state, are at the opera house this week.
The sixth annual session of the Southeastern Wisconsin Poultry and Pet Stock association is an emphatic, unqualified success, exceeding even the most sanguine expectations of its officers in its size and the quality of its showing.

A Thousand Birds
The show has over a thousand entries. In fact, it is a bigger show than the present Chicago show at Tattersalls, which hitherto has been considered one of the largest in the country outside of the Madison Square Garden show. Mr. Will McVicar and his brother, Jack McVicar, went to Delavan today to bring their birds home and see the big show. Mr. McVicar said that the special prizes and the sweepstakes had not yet been assigned but that he expected that his birds would win some of these.

The Points
William McVicar has black Langshans on exhibition and won eight straight prizes. His brother had white Rocks and won nine straight prizes. Hemmens Bros. had game cocks and took three straight, and E. M. Fredendall Barred White Rocks and took seven straight prizes.

BABCOCK'S MEN GAIN VICTORY

Third District Convention Will Be
Held March 3—Will Show
the Real Strength.

At a meeting held in Madison yesterday the congressional committee of the third district won a decided victory over all opposition and secured the call for the coming congressional convention to be held March 21 next. This was the request of present Congressman Babcock, who asked that an early convention be held. It will be held at Babcock. The call will be issued at once and the caucuses will take place the middle of next month, giving the anti-Babcock men but three weeks to prepare themselves. There are six men who are opposing the renomination of the present congressman, James A. Stone of Sauk, Levi Bancroft of Richland, Atley Peterson of Crawford, Mayor John J. Blaine of Escalante, George Cox of Iowa, and Judge D. O. Mahoney of Viroqua.

MANY WEAR THE CARNATION TODAY

Little Flower is Worn in Memory
of the Departed President
McKinley.

"Today is the day that the carnation is worn by many in honor of the memory of the martyred President William McKinley. This little flower worn in the button-hole of the coat or on the dress of the lady is a fitting tribute to the memory of the departed. The carnation has been taken as the national flower of Ohio, the state who claimed the late president and the custom of wearing the flower throughout the whole country on this day came to be universal. Many Janesville people had them on today."

MANY GUESTS AT A DANCING PARTY

Given Under the Auspices of the
Young Ladies' Sodality at
Central Hall.

Under the auspices of the Young Ladies' Sodality of St. Patrick's church an enjoyable dancing party was given at Central hall last evening. One hundred and sixty couples were in attendance. Smith's orchestra furnished the music and the hall was tastefully decorated with ferns and potted plants. The arrangements committee consisted of the Misses Elizabeth Joyce, Rose McCooley, and Bertha Hoger. The same young ladies and the Misses Margaret Delan, Elizabeth McGue, and Margaret Murphy served on the reception committee. The floor committee consisted of Thomas Hofferon, Frank Joyce, William Ryan, Joseph Connell, Edward Ryan, Joseph McCooley and Edward Hydar.

FILES ARTICLES OF ORGANIZATION

Rock County Mineral Water Company
Incorporated with a Capital
Stock of \$50,000.
The articles of organization of the Rock County Mineral Water Co., with a capital stock of \$50,000 divided into 500 shares, have been filed with the register of deeds. The purpose of the company as therein stated are the manufacture, buying and selling, bottling, charging with gases, and shipping of mineral water. The location of the concern is placed at Janesville. There will be a meeting next week at which the stock will be subscribed. The company is organized to operate the Burr Lithia springs which C. F. Sultomeyer of Chicago has leased for twenty years from Mrs. Laura Burr.

TAFT DID NOT GO THROUGH CITY

SENSATIONAL STORY IN MADISON
DEMOCRAT DISCREDITED.

STORY WAS MERELY A FAKE

The Former Governor Came from
San Francisco by Way of Omaha,
and Not by St. Paul.

Former Governor Taft did not come through Janesville on Tuesday morning as stated in The Madison Democrat. Neither did he wait for the dining car to be switched onto his train at Janesville before breakfast. According to officials of the North-Western road the new secretary of war came from San Francisco direct to Chicago via Omaha. Local railway officials also discredited the story which published here and brand it as a fake. Mr. Gleason, the Janesville agent of the North-Western road, said yesterday: "If Taft came through Janesville, no one knew it, and if he had we certainly would."

Not On Diner
Mr. McClure, who is the gentleman in charge of the dining car, referred to as the one in which Judge Taft took breakfast, is sure that but four men had breakfast on the car that morning, and that he knew all of those personally and not one of them was Judge Taft. The Democrat stated that "Governor Taft was in a section of a Pullman sleeping car, but when the train arrived here he had arisen. He did not leave the train for breakfast, preferring to wait until the dining car was picked up at Janesville, rather than 'bolt' a railroad lunch." This, Mr. McClure says, is not so.

Chicago Reports
A careful inquiry in Chicago reveals the fact that Governor Taft came to Chicago over the North-Western road from Omaha. He arrived in Chicago three hours late and hurried to the Union depot, where he took a train for Washington at once, even declining the invitation of the Yale alumni for a dinner to be given in his honor. A dispatch from one of the Chicago newspaper men who interviewed the coming war secretary, received this morning, states that Taft came to Chicago from Omaha and could not have come by way of St. Paul as stated in The Madison Democrat.

JANUARY THAW HERE SATURDAY

The first break in the extreme cold weather of the past few weeks will come Saturday at King & Cowles' shoe store. Prices on all \$5, \$4.50, \$4 and \$3.50 shoes will be lowered to \$2.75 a pair. All winter goods, such as articles, Alaskas, felt boots, German socks, and overshoes will melt away at greatly reduced prices. This big thaw in prices is for Saturday only at King & Cowles.

Specials
Ralston breakfast food, 2 packages, 25c.
Mrs. Austin's Pancake flour, 3 packages, 25c.
White wax beans, 3 cans, 25c.
BAUMANN BROS.

Divorces Granted: Habel Herrick of Beloit and Pauline Milbrandt of Green county were granted divorces from their husbands in circuit court yesterday. The husbands failed to put in an appearance.

No place like home.
Fine spring chickens, 12½c lb.
Large head lettuce, 10c each.
Hot-house leaf lettuce, 5c.
Hot-house cauliflower, 15c.
Pork tenderloins, 20c lb.
Beef tenderloins, 10c lb.
Bread sale, home made, fresh from oven, 3½c loaf.
Fresh pork chops, 11c lb.
Cooked loin of pork, 20c lb.
Cooked corn beef, 18c lb.
Little pig sausage, 15c lb.
Best bulk sausage, 10c lb.
Heavy thick halibut, 20c lb.
Fresh, pink, cream patties, white and maple, 30c lb.
Fresh potato chips, 5c lb.
Fresh Bambergy tarts, 30c doz.
The finest real cream cheese you ever ate, 10c lb.
The richest sugar cookies you ever put in your mouth, 10c doz.
Home made parker House rolls, just delicious, 10c doz.
Cero Fruto, 5c package.
Fancy table syrup, gal. cans, 20c.
1-lb. box Great Big figs, 15c.
Bargain extraordinary—a very small sweet tender early June peas, regular 18c peas, for this sale only, at \$1.50 dozen.

GRUBB PRODUCE CO.

Notice to Public

YAHN BROS.
will open their new, modern, and
finely equipped

Meat Market
on Saturday, Jan. 30th. Full line of
choice Meats. Your patronage respectfully solicited.

YAHN BROS.
59 West Milwaukee St. Both Phones

Clean, Dependable

COAL

The fine burning, non-clinker kind—the product of the best mines. Wood-alike or hard wood.

J. F. SPOON & CO.
Yards, North River St.; New Phone 211; City office corner River and Milwaukee Sts., New Phone 45; Old Phone 536.

ADOPT A POLICY OF RETRENCHMENT

Co. Board Makes New Schedule of Salaries
for County Officers in 1905—
To Consolidate School Districts.

At the session of the county board just ended the salaries of several county officers were reduced. The measure to take effect in 1905. The county treasurer is to receive \$1,000 in place of \$1,200; the register of deeds is to receive \$1,800 in place of \$2,000; the clerk of the court \$1,700 instead of \$2,000. A resolution to consolidate the two school districts and fix the salary of the single superintendent at \$1,000, with \$200 for stationery, \$200 for traveling expenses, and \$300 for a deputy, was also carried and takes effect in 1905. Under the new regime it was also provided that the postmaster should receive an increase of \$100 in salary; the county superintendent of insane an increase of \$200. The office of deputy county clerk with a salary of \$300 was established; the salary of the deputy register of deeds was increased from \$500 to \$900. A committee of three was appointed to investigate the charges of misappropriation of funds and report at the next meeting.

The salaries as they will be in 1905 are as follows: District attorney, \$1,200; county treasurer, \$1,000; county clerk, \$1,200; deputy county clerk, \$300; register of deeds, \$1,800; deputy register of deeds, \$900; clerk of court, \$1,700; register in probate, \$800; deputy clerk of court, \$600; postmaster, \$300; county superintendent of insane, \$1,000. Along with the reduction in the county treasurer's salary the county agrees to furnish his salary.

Fuel for the Poor: Thus far this season County Poor Commissioner Kenyon has distributed twenty tons of coal and twenty-five cords of wood to the poor of Janesville. The demand for fuel has been much larger than the call for food.

I Am After You.

The Ward Grocery is after you. I have had my eye on your trade for a long time and I feel sure that I am going to secure at least a part of it. Telephones are so handy and my service so good that with the extra inducement of price and absolute dependability of goods, there is no fair reason why you shouldn't get the Ward Grocery habit. Saturday will be a good day to begin the habit.

Special for Saturday

3 pkgs. Log Cabin Mince Meat, 25c
Bower City Corn, 1 lb., 25c
or 6 for 1.50
1 lb. Imperial Bolls, 5c
Kelli's Knead Stroll, 1 lb. pack, 25c
acc. 3 for 1.00
White Lily Eak. Powder, 25c can, 15c
2 pkgs. Mrs. Austin's Pancake Flour, 25c
Arm & Hammer Soda, 1 lb. 7c, 4 for 25c
3 pkgs. Egg-O-Sos, 25c
3 pkgs. Vigor, 25c
3 pkgs. Cream of Wheat, 25c
2 pkgs. Grape Nuts, 25c
2 pkgs. Malt Vitas, 25c
3 pkgs. Budget State Pancake Flour, 25c

Choice Fresh Meats for Sunday.

Good Rolling Meat, 10c
Pork Roasts, 10c
Best Beef Roast, 10c
Good Cooking Butter, 1 lb. 7c
3 pkgs. 3 Tins, 1 lb. 10c
Good Mince Meat, 1 lb. 10c
Hard to Beat Flour, 1 lb. 10c
Fattie Lily Flour, 1 lb. 10c
Jockey Brand Flour, 1 lb. 10c
Albany Buckwheat, 1 lb. 10c
Blondie's Buckwheat, 1 lb. 10c
Doty's Buckwheat, 1 lb. 10c
3 cans Van Camp's Early Java Beans, 25c
Gloves and Mittens at Cost, a good stock from 25c up to 75c; this is a reduction of 10 per cent. Open every evening till 8 p. m.

J. F. CARLE,
Washington Street Grocer,
Old Phone 247, New Phone 200

COAL

We live for business and our business helps us live. You'll see what we mean when you burn our COAL.

Its Clean--No Slate
No Dirt--But all Coal

Egg - Range - Nut
All kinds of Soft Coal

Service Prompt and Careful.

Peoples Coal Co.
Yard, 9 Adams St., New Phone 223,
City Office, 112 North Drug Co.,
Phone 118.

Notice to Public

YAHN BROS.
will open their new, modern, and
finely equipped

Meat Market
on Saturday, Jan. 30th. Full line of
choice Meats. Your patronage respectfully solicited.

YAHN BROS.
59 West Milwaukee St. Both Phones

Clean, Dependable

COAL

I have about 100 tons of
damaged nut coal; will sell
at \$7.50. No order less than
one-half ton.

F. A. TAYLOR
River Street, Blak Building

NEW GAS LIGHT CO.,

Mid Winter Weddings...

Fancy Clocks,
Cut Glass,
Candelabra,
Marbles,
Bronzes,
Solid Silver,
Bric-a-Brac.

Hall, Sayles, & Fife
"The Reliable Jewellers."



Keeps You Busy

filling the furnace these cold days incidentally your coal supply is getting low. Our ECONOMY COAL is just what you want. Phone us and we'll rush the order.

Janesville Coal Co.,
Phone 89. Office, Riverside Laundry.
Yards, South River & Oak Sts.

A Cough Medicine You Can Depend On.

We
Guarantee
It Or
Refund
the
Money.

Price
25 and 50 cts.
per Bottle.

REXALL CHERRY JUICE COUGH SYRUP

Smith's Pharmacy,
Kodaks and Kodak Supplies,
Two Registered Pharmacists.

FAIR STORE

Seasonable Goods:

Men's Wool Mitts, 15 and 20c.

Men's lined Sheepskin Gloves, 25c.

Men's leather lined Horsehide center Gloves, 40 and 50c.

Men's Wool Socks, heavy 15c, 2 for 25c.

Men's light weight Wool Hose, 20, 25, 35 and 40c.

Men's heavy Fleeced Lined Underwear, 40c.

The Mississippi Bubble

By EMERSON HOUGH

Author of "The Story of the Cowboy," "The Girl at the Halfway House," Etc.

(Copyright, 1904, by Emerson Hough)

CHAPTER XXVII. THE IROQUOIS.

Even as Sir Arthur and John Law clasped hands, there came a sudden interruption. A half-score yards deeper in the wood there arose a sudden, half-choked cry, followed by a shrill whoop. There was a crashing as of one running, and immediately there pressed into the open space the figure of an Indian, an old man from the village of the Illini. Even as his staggering footsteps brought him within gaze, the two startled observers saw the shaft which had sunk deep within his breast. He had been shot through by an Indian arrow, and upon the instant it was all too plain whose hand had sped the shaft. Following close upon his heels there came a stalwart savage, whose face, hideously painted, appeared fairly diabolical as he came bounding on, with uplifted hatchet, seeking to strike down the victim already impaled by the silent arrow.

"Quick!" cried Law, in a flash catching the meaning of this sudden spectacle. "Into the fort, Sir Arthur, and call the men together!"

Not stopping to relieve the struggles of the victim, who had now fallen forward, kneeling, Law sprang on with drawn blade to meet the advancing savage. The latter paused for an uncertain moment, and then with a shrill yell of defiance, hurled the keen steel hatchet full at Law's head. It shored away a piece of his hat brim, and sank with edge deep buried in the trunk of a tree beyond. The savage turned, but turned too late. The blade of the swordman passed through from rib to rib under his arm, and he fell choking, even as he sought again to give vent to his war cry.

And now arose in the woods beyond, and in the fields below the hill, and from the villages of the neighboring Indians, a series of sharp, undulating yells. Shots came from within the fortress, where the loop-holes were already manned. There were borne from the nearest wigwags of the Illini the screams of wounded men, the shrieks of terrified women. In an instant the peaceful spot had become the scene of a horrible confusion. Once more the wolves of the woods, the Iroquois, had fallen on their prey!

Swift as had been Law's movements, Pembroke was but a pace behind him as he wrenched free his blade. The two turned back together and started at speed for the palisade. At the gate they met others hurrying in, Pembroke's men joining in the rush of the frightened villagers. Among these the Iroquois pressed with shrill yells, playing knife and bow and hatchet as they ran, and the horrified eyes of those within the palisade saw many a tragedy enacted.

"Watch the gate!" cried Pierre Noir, from his station in the corner tower. As he spoke there came a rush of screaming Iroquois, who sought to gain the entrance.

"Now!" cried Pierre Noir, discharging his piece into the crowded ranks below him; and shot after shot followed his own. The packed brown mass gave back and resolved itself into scattered units, who broke and ran for the nearest cover.

"They will not come on again until dark," said Pierre Noir, calmly, leaning his piece against the wall. "Therefore I may attend to certain little matters."

He passed out into the entry-way, where lay the bodies of three Iroquois, abandoned, under the close and deadly fire, by their companions where they had fallen. When Pierre Noir returned and calmly dropped up again the door of slabs which he had removed, he carried in his hand three tufts of long black hair, from which dripped heavy gouts of blood.

"Good God, man!" said Pembroke. "You must not be savage as these Indians!"

"Speak for yourself, Monsieur Anglais," replied Pierre, stoutly. "You need not save these head pieces if you do not care for them. For myself, this part of the trade."

"Assuredly," broke in Jean Brecheux. "We keep these trinkets, we voyageurs of the French. Make no doubt that Jean Brecheux will take back with him full tale of the Indians he has killed. Presently I go out. Zip! goes my knife, and off comes the topknot of Monsieur Indian, him I killed but now as he ran. Then I shall dry the scalp here by the fire, and mount it on a bit of willow, and take it back for a present to my sweetheart, Susanne Duchene, on the seigneurie at home."

"Bravo, Jean!" cried out the old Indian fighter, Pierre Noir, the old bare-sark rage of the fighting man now rising hot in his blood. "And look! Here come more chances for our little ornaments."

Pierre Noir for once had been mistaken and underestimated the courage of the warriors of the Onondagos. Lashing themselves to fury at the thought of their losses, they came on again, now banding and charging in the open close up to the walls of the palisade. Again the little party of whites maintained a steady fire, and again the Iroquois, baffled and enraged, fell back into the wood, whence they poured volley after volley rattling against the walls of the sturdy fortress.

"I am sorry, sir," said Sergt. Gray to Pembroke, "but 'tis all up with me." The poor fellow staggered against the wall, and in a few moments all was indeed over with him. A chance shot had pierced his chest.

"Peste! If this keeps up," said Pierre Noir, "there will not be many of us left by morning. I never saw

them fight so well. 'Tis a good watch we'll need this night."

In fact, all through the night the Iroquois tried every stratagem of their savage warfare. With ear-splitting yells they came close up to the stockade, and in one such charge two or three of their young men even managed to climb to the tops of the pointed stakes, though but to meet their death at the muzzles of the muskets within. Then there arose curving lines of fire from without the walls, half circles which terminated at last in little jarring thuds, where blazing arrows fell and stood in log, or earth, or unprotected roof. These projectiles, wrapped with lighted birch bark, served as fire brands, and danger enough they carried. Yet, after some fashion, the little garrison kept down these incipient blazes, held together the terrified Illini, repulsed each repeated charge of the Iroquois, and so at last wore through the long and fearful night.

The sun was just rising across the tops of the distant groves when the Iroquois made their next advance. It came not in the form of a concerted attack, but of an appeal for peace. A party of the savages left their cover and approached the fortress, waving their hands above their heads. One of them presently advanced alone.

"What is it, Pierre?" asked Law. "What does the fellow want?"

"I care not what he wants," said Pierre Noir, carefully adjusting the lock of his piece and steadily regarding the savage as he approached; "but I'll wager you a year's pay he never gets alive past yonder stump."

"Stay!" cried Pembroke, catching at the barrel of the leveled gun. "I believe he would talk with us."

"What does he say, Pierre?" asked Law. "Speak to him, if you can."

"He wants to know," said Pierre, as the messenger at length stopped and began a harangue, "whether we are English or French. He says something about there being a big peace between Corlaer and Onontio; by which he means, gentlemen, the governor at New York and the governor at Quebec."

"Tell him," cried Pembroke, with a sudden thought, "that I am an officer of Corlaer, and that Corlaer bids the Iroquois to bring in all the prisoners they have taken. Tell him that the French are going to give up all their prisoners to us, and that the Iroquois must leave the war path, or my Lord Belomont will take the war trail and wipe their villages off the earth."

Something in this speech as conveyed to the savage seemed to give him a certain concern. He retired, and presently his place was taken by a tall and stately figure, dressed in the full habiliments of an Iroquois chieftain. He came on calmly and proudly, his head erect, and in his extended hand the long-stemmed pipe of peace. Pierre Noir heaved a deep sigh of relief.

"Unless my eyes deceive me," said he, "tis old Teganisoris himself, one of the head men of the Onondagos. If so, there is some hope, for Teganisoris is wise enough to know when peace is best."

It was, indeed, that noted chieftain of the Iroquois who now advanced close up to the wall. Law and Pembroke stepped out to meet him beyond the palisade, the old voyageur still serving as interpreter from the platform at their back.

"He says—listen, messieurs!—he says he knows there is going to be a big peace; that the Iroquois are tired of fighting and that their hearts are sore. He says—a most manifest lie, I beg you to observe, messieurs—that he loves the English, and that, although he might to kill the Frenchmen of our garrison, he will, since some of us are English, and hence his friends, spare us all if we will cease to fight."

Pembroke turned to Law with question in his eye.

"There must be something done," said the latter in a low tone. "We were short enough of ammunition here even before Du Mesne left for the settlements, and your own men have none too much left."

"Reflect! Methinks yourselves, Englishmen! he says to us," continued Pierre Noir. "We came to make war upon the Illini. Our work here is done. 'Tis time now that we went back to our villages. If there is to be a big peace, the Iroquois must be there; for unless the Iroquois demand it, there can be no peace at all. And, gentlemen, I beg you to remember it is an Iroquois who is talking, and that the truth is not in the tongue of an Iroquois."

"'Tis a desperate chance, Mr. Law," said Pembroke. "Yet if we keep up the fight here, there can be but one end."

"'Tis true," said Law; "and there are others to be considered."

It was hurriedly thus concluded. Law finally advanced toward the tall figure of the Iroquois headman, and looked him straight in the face.

"Tell him," said he to Pierre Noir, "that we are all English, and that we are not afraid; and that if we are harmed, the armies of Corlaer will destroy the Iroquois, even as the Iroquois have the Illini. Tell him that we will go back with him to the settlements because we are willing to go that way upon a journey which he had already planned. We could fight forever if we chose; and he can see for himself by the bodies of his young men how well we are able to make war."

"It is well," replied Teganisoris. "You have the word of an Iroquois that this shall be done, as I have said."

"The word of an Iroquois!" cried

Pierre Noir, slamming down the butt of his musket. "The word of a snake, say rather! Jean Brecheux, harken you to what our leaders have agreed! We are to go as prisoners of the Iroquois! Mary, Mother of God, what folly! And there is madame, and la pauvre petite, that infant so young. By God! Were it left to me, Pierre Berthier would stand here and fight to the end. I know these Iroquois!"

CHAPTER XXVIII.

PRISONERS OF THE IROQUOIS.

The faith of the Iroquois was worse than Punic, nor was there lacking swift proof of its real nature. Law and Pembroke, the moment they had led their little garrison beyond the gate, found themselves surrounded by a ring of tomahawks and drawn bows. Their weapons were snatched away from them, and on the instant they found themselves beyond all possibility of that resistance whose giving over they now bitterly repented. Teganisoris regarded them with a sardonic smile.

"I see you are all English," said he, "though some of you wear blue coats. These we may perhaps adopt into our tribe, for our boys grow up but slowly, and some of the blue coats are good fighters. These dogs of Illini we shall of course burn. As for your war house, you will no longer need it, since you are now friends of the Iroquois, and are going to their villages. You may say to Corlaer that you well know the Iroquois have no prisoners."

The horrid significance of this threat was all too soon made plain. In an hour the little stockade was but a mass of embers and ashes. In another hour the little valley had become a Gehenna of anguish and lamentations, with whose riot of grief and woe there mingled the savage exultations of a foe whose treachery was but surpassed by his cruelty. Again the planting-ground of the Illini was utterly laid waste, to mark it naught remaining but trampled grain, and heaps of ashes, and remnants of blackened and incinerated bones. By nightfall the party of prisoners had begun a wild journey through the wilderness, whose horrors surpassed any they had supposed to be humanly endurable.

Day after day, week after week, for more than a month, and much of the time in winter weather, they toiled on, part of the way by boat, the remainder of the journey on foot, crossing snow-clogged forest, and tangled thicket and frozen morass, yet daring not to drop out for rest, since to lag might mean to die. It was as though after some frightful nightmare of suffering and despair that at length they reached the villages of the Five Nations, located far to the east, at the foot of the great waterway which Law and his family had ascended more than a year before.

Yet if that which had gone before seemed like some bitter dream, surely the day of awakening promised but little better hope. From village to village, footsore and ill, they were hurried without rest, at each new stopping place the central figures of a barbarous triumph; and nowhere did they meet the representatives of either the French or the English government, whose expected presence had constituted their one ground of hope.

"Where is your big peace?" asked Teganisoris of Pembroke. "Where are the head men of Corlaer? Who brings presents to the Iroquois, and who is to tell us that Onontio has carried the pipe of peace to Corlaer? Here are our villages as when we left them, and here again are we, save for the absent ones who have been killed by your young men. It is no wonder that my people are displeased."

Indeed those of the Iroquois who had remained at home clamored continually that some of the prisoners should be given over to them. Thus, in doubt, uncertainty and terror the party passed through the villages, moving always eastward, until at length they arrived at the fortified town where Teganisoris made his home, a spot toward the foot of Lake Ontario, and not widely removed from that stupendous cataract which, from the beginning of earth, had uplifted its thunderous diapason here in the savage wilderness—Ontonagon, object of superstitious awe among all the tribes.

Time hung heavy on the hands of the savages. It was winter, and the parties had all returned from the war trails. The matters arose yet more loudly among families who had lost most heavily in the western expeditions. The shrewd mind of Teganisoris knew that some new thing must be planned. He announced his decision at his own village, after the triumphal progress among the tribes had at length been concluded.

"Since they have sent us no presents," said he, with that daring diplomacy which made him a leader in red statesmanship, "let those who stayed at home be given some prisoner in pay for those of their people who have been killed. Moreover, let us offer to the Great Spirit some sacrifice in propitiation; since surely the Great Spirit is offended." Such was the conclusion of this head man of the Onondagos, and fateful enough it was to the prisoners.

The great gorge through which poured the vast waters of the northern seas was a spot not always visited by those, passing up the great lakes for the western settlements, nor down the lakes to the settlements of the St. Lawrence. Yet there was a trail which led around the great cataract, and the occasional couriers de bois, or the passing friars, or the adventurous merchants of the lower settlements now and again left that trail, and came to look upon the tremendous scene of the great falling of the waters. Here where the tumult ascended up to heaven, and where the white-blown wreaths of mist might indeed, even in an imagination better than that of a savage, have been construed into actual forms of spirits, the Indians had, from time immemorial, made their offerings to the genius of the cataract—strips of rude cloth, the skin of the beaver and the otter, baskets woven of sweet grasses, and, after the advent of the white man, pieces of metal or strings

of precious beads. Such valued things as these were in rude adoration placed upon rocks or uplifted scaffolds near to the brink of the abyss. This was the spot most commonly chosen by the medicine man in the pursuit of his incantations. It was the church, the wild and savage cathedral of the red men.

Following now the command of their chieftain, the Iroquois left their stationary lodges and moved in a body, pitching a temporary camp at a spot not far from the falls. Here, in a great council lodge, the older men sat in deliberation for a full day and night. The dull drum sounded continually, the council pipe went round, and the warriors brought the spirits to give them knowledge. The savage hysteria, little by little, yet steadily, arose higher and higher, until at length it reached that point of frenzy where naught could suffice save some terrible, some tremendous thing.

Enforced spectators of these curious and ominous ceremonies, the prisoners looked on, wondering, imagining, hesitating and fearing. "Monsieur," said Pierre Noir, turning at last to Law, "it grieves me to speak, yet 'tis best for you to know the truth. It is to be you or Monsieur Pembroke. They will not have me. They say that it must be one of you two great chiefs, for



LAW SUNK HIS HEAD.

that you were brave, your hearts were strong, and that hence you would find favor as the adopted child of the Great Spirit who has been offended."

Law looked at Pembroke, and they both regarded Mary Conynge and the babe. "At least," said Law, "they spare the woman and the child. So far very well. Sir Arthur, we are at the last hazard."

"I have asked them to take me," said Pierre Noir, "for I am an old man and have no family. But they will not listen to me."

Pembroke passed his hand wearily across his face. "I have behind me so long a memory of suffering," said he, "and before me so small an amount of promise, that for myself I am content to let it end. It comes to all sooner or later, according to our fate."

"You speak," said Law, "as though it were determined. Yet Pierre says it will not be both of us, but one."

Pembroke smiled sadly. "Why, sir," said he, "do you think me so sorry a fellow as that? Look! and he pointed to Mary Conynge and the child. "There is your duty."

Law followed his gaze, and his look was returned dumbly by the woman who had played so strange a part in the late passages of his life. Never a word with her had Law spoken regarding his plans or concerning what he had learned from Pembroke. As to this, Mary Conynge had been afraid to ask, nor dare ask even now.

(To be Continued)

I pays no taxes—I pays no rent. Often busted—without a cent; But a king among men—from disease I'm free. 'Tis better than wealth—Rocky Mountain Toss. A. Volss' Pharmacy.

Homeseekers' Excursions to the Northwest and Southwest, via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R'y. Round trip excursion tickets at greatly reduced rates are on sale to the territory indicated above. Standard and tourist sleeping cars, free reclining chair cars and "The best of everything." For dates of sale and full particulars apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

Round Trip Excursion Tickets to Plattville, Wis., via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R'y. for the Wisconsin Dairy-men's convention at Plattville, special reduced excursion tickets will be sold February 9, 10 and 11. Return limit until Feb. 13, 1904.

To California via the Chicago, Union Pacific & North-Western line. Two solid fast trains through California daily. The Overland Limited (electric lighted throughout) less than three days en route, leaves Chicago, 8:00 p. m. Another fast train leaves Chicago, 11:35 p. m. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

YOUR HAT

May Be a Stylish One, But It Makes Trouble.

A man usually buys a hat that's "in style," but the modern hat for men has lots to answer for.

Baldheads are growing more numerous every day. Hats make excellent breeding places for the parasitic germs which sap the life from the roots of the hair.

When your hair begins to fall out and your scalp is full of dandruff it is a sure sign that these countless germs are busily at work.

There is but one way to overcome the trouble and kill the germs—that way is to apply Newbro's Herpicide to the scalp—it will kill the germs and healthy hair is sure to result.

Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c. in stamp for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

People's Drug Co. and King's Pharmacy, Special Agents.

Dentistry Among the Romans.

There is plentiful evidence of skilled dentistry among the Romans, for many of the Latin authors have references to false teeth. In the "Roman Laws of the Twelve Tables" there are distinct references to artificial teeth. The first part of No. 10 forbids useless expense at funerals in general, but an exception is permitted by No. 11, which allows that the gold fillings of false teeth or the gold with which they were bound should be buried or burned with the deceased.

Want Commerce Department.

There is now an agitation in Great Britain for a department of commerce similar to that recently created in the United States. It is surely an anomaly that a great trading nation like the United Kingdom should divide the administration of trade and commerce between the Board of Trade, the Foreign Office and the Home Office.

Homeseekers' Excursions to the Northwest, West and Southwest, via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. Effective only on the 1st and 3d Tuesday of each month. Special reduced round-trip excursion tickets will be sold to territory indicated above, and one way colonist low rates west. For details apply to agent C. M. & St. P. R'y.

Sleeping Car for Youngstown Leaves Chicago 7:30 P. M. Daily. Over Pennsylvania Short Lines, arrives Youngstown 6:25 a. m., New Castle 7:05 a. m. Address C. L. Kimball, A. G. P. Agt., No. 2 Sherman street, Chicago, for special information about fares and reservations.

Lower Fare Route Chicago to New York

Is the Pan-Handle of the Pennsylvania Lines. The Keystone Express leaves Chicago via that route daily, at 10:05 a. m., after the arrival of trains from the Northwest and West, and reaches New York 3 o'clock p. m. next day. The privilege of going via Baltimore and Washington on Philadelphia and New York tickets without extra cost includes a ten days' visit at the National Capital, also at Baltimore and at Philadelphia. Information given by C. L. Kimball, A. G. P. Agt., No. 2 Sherman street, Chicago.

Very Low Rates to the Mardi Gras and Winter Resorts.

Via the North-Western line. On account of the Mardi Gras excursion tickets will be sold to New Orleans, Mobile and Pensacola, Feb. 9 to 14, inclusive, also to New Orleans, on Feb. 15, for trains arriving at New Orleans by noon of Feb. 16, with favorable return limits and stop-overs. Excursion tickets are also on sale daily, at reduced rates, to the principal winter resorts in the United States and Mexico. For full information apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

Low Rates to Mardi Gras at New Orleans, La.

Via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R'y. Round trip excursion tickets will be sold Feb. 9 to 14, inclusive, to New Orleans, Mobile and Pensacola, with favorable limits and stop-over privileges. Special reduced winter tourist tickets are also on sale daily to principal winter resorts. For rates and other information apply to ticket agent.

The Overland Limited

The traffic department of the Chicago & North-Western R'y has issued a handsome descriptive booklet of the Overland Limited, the most luxurious train in the world, and of the Chicago, Union Pacific & North-Western line, the route of this famous train to the Pacific coast. Fully and interestingly illustrated. Copy mailed to any address on receipt of 2-cent stamp, by W. B. Kulskern, P. T. M., Chicago.

Excursion Rates to Wisconsin Dairy-men's Convention at Plattville, via the North-Western line. Excursion tickets will be sold at reduced rates Feb. 9, 10 and 11, limited to return until Feb. 13, inclusive. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

"LIKE MOTHER USED TO MAKE."
NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT
In 10c Packages with List of Valuable Premiums.

THE NORTH WESTERN LINE

California Oregon Washington

Fast through trains daily over the Chicago, Union Pacific & North-Western Line. Direct route and excellent train service. Two trains a day to **San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland**

Through service of Pullman compartment, drawing-room and tourist sleeping cars, dining cars, library and observation cars, buffet smoking and free reclining chair cars.

Daily and Personally Conducted Excursions. For tickets and information apply to agents of **The North-Western Line**

W. B. KULSKERN, P. T. M.
C. & N. W. RY.
CHICAGO

California

Tens of thousands will spend their winter vacations in California; will you? There you can pick flowers and enjoy outdoor life all the year 'round. California is quickly and comfortably reached by the through train service of the

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

The Overland Limited runs via this line, is electric lighted throughout and offers the best of service and equipment. Choice of routes going and returning. Booklets free. Ask the nearest ticket agent of this company for additional information, or write to

F. A. MILLER, General Passenger Agent. CHICAGO.

Pays To Advertise in The Gazette

Rock County Maps

- 50c -

Unmounted and uncolored paper Maps of Rock County, 42x47 inches, giving complete detail with regard to villages, towns, school houses, boundary lines, sections, roads, railroads, farm lines, number of acres in each farm, owner of each piece of property, etc., etc.

One Thousand Maps have already been disposed of, and the continued call for them induced us to have 500 more of them run on paper. Price by mail, 50c each.

A SEVEN CASE MAPS A

We find we have seven Case Maps of Rock County, which will be closed out at cost—\$2.00 each. Those who desire a permanent Map should make an early call for one of them. After these are gone more of them will not be made up in this form.

GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

LAND OF THE GRAPE

ACRES OF VINEYARDS IN SOUTH-CENTRAL CALIFORNIA.

Nature With Dazzling Munificence Has Spread an Inviting Banquet Table Around Cucamonga—Stirring Scenes During the Picking Season.

(Special Correspondence.)

Nestled at the foot of the Sierra Madre and overshadowed by their imposing grandeur, lies the old and well-settled community of Cucamonga. Located where the old Los Angeles-San Bernardino stage road used to run, the town of Cucamonga had the privilege to provide the stage tavern and passenger depot for the travel between these two cities even as far back as under the old Mexican rule.

While Cucamonga undoubtedly forms one of the great orange-growing centers of southern California, the fact remains that the unique and more and more interesting part of her industry is found in the gradually increasing acres of her vineyards. Already thousands upon thousands of acres are covered by the noble vine. One single vineyard comprises more than 3,000 acres. Never did nature, in any form of her dazzling munificence, spread a more inviting and more absolutely irresistible banquet table than in these vineyards of Cucamonga, with their vines weighed down with huge clusters of glowing grapes shifting in almost every shade of the color scale from the deep blue "zinfandel" and the beautiful royal purple colored "rose of Peru" to the lighter shades of the pink or opal stained "tokay," the amber, glowing "sultana," the emerald green "muscat," and the almost pure white "burgundy." It is a sight, equally fascinating to the poet and to the practical business man—to the lover of nature and to the lover of bank accounts. It is at once a dream of beauty and a bit of concrete reality.

Vineyards meet the eye of the traveler everywhere. Perhaps the expanse of unbroken level on which the vineyards here are situated presents to the artistic eye a less picturesque aspect than the sloping grounds of the huge foothills on which most of the vineyards along the Rhine in southern Germany are trailed. But the vineyards of the flat ground have the advantage of being more easily accessible to the implements of cultivation with the result of a corresponding increase in the profitability of the industry.

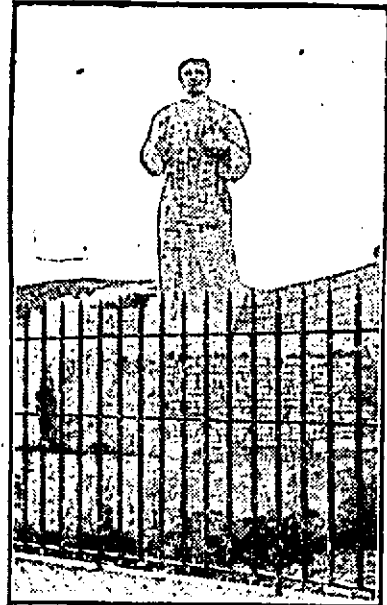
The life in a vineyard during the grape-picking season is throbbing with energy and eager interest. The picker must take place as soon as the grape shows sign of ripeness, and the owner must lose no time in facilitating the important operation. Pickers gather from all lands, though most of them seem to hail from Mexico and the Orient. The dexterity with which some of these expert grape pickers handle their scythe-shaped knives, removing the clusters from the vine, is astonishing, and if paid by the box, it may easily result in a daily compensation of \$3 to \$4. The rate per box is 4 cents. Usually, however, the most picking is paid by the day—\$1.75—a day-work insures the owner from loss through carelessness in picking, and at the same time guarantees the average picker a steadier employment.

Pickers have to provide for their own board and lodging, though a good deal of the bill of fare consists of grapes. No fruit, if taken with moderation, is more healthy and nutritious than the ripe grape. Its principal characteristic is to generate fresh, pure, strong blood. Thus, in Europe, every year during the grape season, the worn-out and enervated glided youth of all lands hasten to the vineyards of southern Germany and France, to give themselves up to a diet of grapes and "pumpernickel"—the German brown bread—and the result is most gratifying. Undoubtedly much suffering and physical breakdown could be prevented if, in place of a haphazard and trying drug medi-

calter is high enough to bring it in touch with the ocean air current, which, to the balm and fragrance of the atmosphere, adds vigor and bracingness.

The soil is rich, and the vegetation tropical in its almost conclusive growth. The homes with which the avenues are lined are framed by evergreens and flowers, while gigantic palms give shade and dignity to the surroundings. Many of these homes show all the elegance and refinements of the city residence, plus the rural grace and freedom, invigorating air and enchanting sylvan retreats which a city home can never even approximately realize.

The aspect of mountains above all suggests rest and peace, and worn-out



Monument to Faithful Padre.

muscles and shattered nerves can be treated no better than to be brought in vibratory touch with the healing forces at work in this enchanted region. No country outside of California, the citizens claim, possesses such unique and felicitous combination of all the strongest and sweetest of land, water, sky and mountain—and Cucamonga is one of the gems of California.

Circus in Themselves.

Van Ogden Vogt, the new general secretary of the Christian Endeavor society, is a good story teller. At the Leaders' institute he related an anecdote of a Missouri farmer.

"The farmer," said he, "had thirteen children. A circus came to town, and the farmer had only the price of one admission. However, he was a good trader, and told his wife to bundle all the children into the wagon and he would see what he could do. Arrived at the tent he told his dilemma to the show man and wanted to know if he couldn't fix it so that each of his offsprings could see part of the show, while the rest waited outside.

"Take the whole bunch in," said the showman, "and if the crowd comes in too strong, they'll have to turn out." After the performance was over the honest farmer sought out the proprietor to pay him the price agreed upon, when the man said:

"I can't take your money. I sat right behind your children, and I had as much fun out of it as they did."—Philadelphia Press.

A Humble Birthplace.

There are many, doubtless, who know that Eleanor Duse is to the Italian stage what Sarah Bernhardt is to the French, but those who know that she was born in a wagon, and on the following day carried in a glass cradle ornamented with gold to the church for baptism, are fewer, nevertheless. All this happened forty-three years ago. Both parents were traveling players and among her relatives quite a score of actors and actresses are to be found. As soon as she could stand and speak she played small parts, but it was not until Eleanor Duse had experienced a terrible private sorrow that she showed the tremendous power that she possessed. That was when she was twenty-four, and since then she has devoted her life to the classic characters of the Italian, German, Austrian, Russian, French and American stage through the aid of her marvelous genius.

Born Diplomat.

A well-known Brooklyn politician owns a dizzy old frame building in one of the Jewish quarters of Manhattan. Not long ago his tenant, a small clothing merchant, summoned him hastily, by telephone, telling him that the place was on fire. When the owner reached the ground he found that the fire department had extinguished the flames before they had done much damage. Somewhat annoyed at having been called from important business for so trivial a matter, he said rather sharply to his tenant:

"It's a pity the whole building did not burn."

"Well," said the tenant, with a deprecating gesture, "you can't blame me. It wasn't my fault. I didn't sent in de alarm."—Brooklyn Eagle.

Had His Coffin Ready.

When Christian Forde, a farmer living near Floral, Ky., returned to his home after a visit to town the other day he carried with him in his wagon the coffin he expects to use this winter. Giving a reason for this precaution he said:

"I may die this winter, and if the roads are as bad as usual it will be a great inconvenience to come to town for a coffin."

Electric Disturbances.

Morcaux of the observatory at Bourges, says, in Cosmos, that the curve of the spots on the sun and that of terrestrial magnetism offer a perfect parallel, which establishes the claim that our electrical disturbances may be attributed to this solar phenomenon without question.

ACCEPTS PLANS

FOR MEMORIAL

DESCRIPTION OF STRUCTURE

Bronze Tablets Will Have Bas-Reliefs of the Important Occurrences During the Most Trying Times of the War of the Rebellion.

Chicago, Jan. 29.—The state of Illinois soon will erect a monument in the national military park at Vicksburg, Miss., in honor of the 25,000 Illinois soldiers and sailors who participated in the siege of that city, from March 29 to July 4, 1863.

The structure, expected to cost \$150,000, will be in the shape of a rotunda or circular temple. It is to be constructed of white marble or granite and ornamented with bronze.

The main portion, forty-eight feet in diameter, will be surmounted by a hemispherical dome, the crown of which will be fifty-eight feet in height. The pediment of the portico will be decorated with the sculptured figure of a scribe, supported by Fame and Valor, the whole representing History, enrolling the names of the Illinois soldiers and recording their deeds as they march by. Bronze tablets on the exterior of the temple will have bas-reliefs representing Richard Yates, the war governor of Illinois, presenting Ulysses S. Grant his commission as colonel of the Twenty-first Illinois; the gunboats running the batteries at Vicksburg on the night of April 18, 1863, and the surrender of Vicksburg by Gen. Pemberton.

Around the exterior of the dome will be engraved the sentiment from Lincoln's second inaugural, "With malice toward none, with charity for all," and the last phrase in Gen. Grant's farewell order to the army, "Let us have peace."

The circumference of the interior will bear panels of size and number sufficient to contain the names of all the Illinois soldiers who took part in the siege.

To Cost \$250,000. In addition to the temple, eighty stone markers will designate the points where fifty-five infantry regiments, fifteen batteries of artillery and ten troops of cavalry advanced nearest to the fighting.

The commission which made arrangements for the monument, of which Francis A. Hilde is the chairman, was appointed by Gov. Yates May 14, and inspected many designs before accepting those submitted. Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars was appropriated for the work.

The site of the military park stretches from the Mississippi river on the north around the city of Vicksburg to the Warrenton road on the south, and contains 1,300 acres. It includes the lines maintained during the siege by both the union and Confederate forces. Extensive improvements are to be made by the government and states.

Site of Memorial. The site of the Illinois memorial is upon a small knoll on the north side of the Jackson highway, leading from Vicksburg to Jackson, Miss., and 400 feet southwest of the Shirley residence, which since the siege has been known as the "white house."

The spot is one of the most conspicuous within the limits of the military park, and was the point upon which the McAllister battery was stationed during the siege. It is within sixty rods of what was one of the strongest fortresses of the Confederate stronghold, which was designated by most of the union soldiers as fort Hill.

Logan's division of the Seventeenth army corps was strung along this position and the most famous gap run by the soldiers in Logan's command passes the knoll upon which the state will erect the memorial.

FOUR ARE CRUSHED IN A SHAFT

Pilot Weight Breaks and Sends

Bucket to the Bottom.

Brownsville, Pa., Jan. 29.—Four men, all foreigners, were crushed to death in a new air shaft of the Briar Hill Coal company near here. The shaft was 63 feet deep and the men were being lowered in a bucket when a 400-pound pilot weight broke, precipitating the bucket and men to the bottom. The heavy weight fell on them, crushing the men beyond recognition.

Two Die in Explosion.

Foster, Ia., Jan. 29.—John Stevens and Alex Carbon, shot firemen, were instantly killed and several were severely injured in an explosion here. When the bodies were found the arms of Carbon were clasped about Stevens' neck.

Auto Victim Is Identified.

New York, Jan. 29.—The identity of an American woman killed in an automobile accident near La Napoule, France, has been learned. She was Mrs. J. H. Rathbone, a wealthy widow of Baltimore, Md.

Heads Union Manufacturers.

New York, Jan. 29.—The Union-made Garment Manufacturers of America have closed their annual convention after re-electing President H. S. Peters of Dover, N. J.

Archbishop Farley Is Ill.

New York, Jan. 29.—Archbishop John M. Farley is confined to his bed, the cold he contracted when celebrating mass in St. Patrick's cathedral developing into grip.

Epidemic of Typhoid.

Columbus, O., Jan. 29.—Since Jan. 1 500 cases of typhoid fever have been reported in Columbus, and there have been nineteen deaths from the disease.

GONE TO THEIR FINAL REWARD

Mrs. James Ingles. At 10:30 o'clock this morning the funeral services over the remains of the late Mrs. James Ingles were held from her home, 151 Caroline street. Rev. J. H. Tippet conducted the services. The interment was at the cemetery in the town of Janesville. The pallbearers were A. C. Rogers, J. L. Bear, Mr. Wainwright, Mr. Thompson, George Barker and William Winkley.

Herman Muellenschlaeder

Funeral services over the remains of the late Herman Muellenschlaeder were conducted this afternoon at 2 o'clock by Rev. Worth, pastor of St. John's German Lutheran church, at his late home, No. 155 West Bluff street. There was a large gathering of friends and relatives of the deceased present. The Saloon Keepers' association of the city of which he was an honored member attended in a body. The remains were taken to Oak Hill cemetery for interment. The pallbearers were Fred Standel, August Alendroth, Phillip Ohlweber, Peter Weber, Frank Ziereth and Fred Vogel.

Uri Lee

Uri Lee died at his home on Center avenue at 6:45 a. m. Notice of the funeral will be given later.

TODAY'S CHICAGO MARKETS

From the Hadden, Roddey Co., 204 Jackson Block, Janesville.

	Open	High	Low	Close
WHEAT—				
May.....	90 1/2-91	91 1/2	90 3/4	90 3/4
July.....	83 1/2	83 1/2	82 1/2	83 1/2
Dec.....				
May.....	20 1/4-4	20 1/4	20	20 1/4
July.....	43 1/4-4	43 1/4	43 1/4	43 1/4
Dec.....				
CORN—				
May.....	42 1/2	43	42 1/2	43
July.....	31 1/2	32	31 1/2	32
Dec.....				
May.....	13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2
July.....	13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2	13 1/2
Dec.....				
LAND—				
May.....	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2
July.....	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2
Dec.....				
May.....	6 1/2	6 1/2	6 1/2	6 1/2
July.....	6 1/2	6 1/2	6 1/2	6 1/2
Dec.....				

CHICAGO OAT LOT RECEIPTS.

To-day, Contract, Est. Tomorrow

Wheat.....	21	21	21
Corn.....	71	71	71
Oats.....	71	71	71

NORTH-WEST RECEIPTS (Wheat)

Today	Last Week	Year Ago
Wheat.....	21	21
Corn.....	71	71
Oats.....	71	71

Live Stock Market

Chicago.....	2300	2300
Kansas City.....	2300	2300
Omaha.....	2300	2300

Receipts Today

Chicago.....	2300	2300
Kansas City.....	2300	2300
Omaha.....	2300	2300

U. S. Yards Opening

U. S. Yards Opening	U. S. Yards Opening
Mixed Abn.....	4 3/8-5 1/8
Good heavy.....	4 1/2-5 1/8
Good light.....	4 1/4-5 1/8
Light.....	4 1/4-5 1/8
Wool of wool.....	4 1/4-5 1/8

Receipts 35000 market share lower

Receivers and 20 1/2 40	Cows 1 1/2 2 1/2
Receivers 1 1/2 4 1/2	Calves 1 1/2 2 1/2
Bulls 1 1/2 4 1/2	Calves 1 1/2 2 1/2
Good to fair.....	4 1/2-5 1/8
Good medium.....	4 1/2-5 1/8
Receives	4 1/2-5 1/8
Shoop steady recte 2000	Lambs slow

Suicide on Wedding Eve.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 29.—Frank Schmidt shot himself to death in sight of his fiancée because he was despondent, owing to financial straits, on the eve of his marriage.

Dentistry an Ancient Art.

Recent excavations in Rome show that dentistry was practiced many centuries ago. On the Via Ronella, which existed at the time of the old Roman republic, a cave has been opened up which disclosed a number of graves set in niches. One skeleton of a woman was found with a perfectly modeled set of gold teeth.

EDWARD J. KANN

& CO.

18 South Main Street.

Look for Big Sign Over Door

AFTER going through our stock

we find we still have about 200 Men's, Youths' and Children's Suits and Overcoats that we are going to sell for half and in some instances for less than half in order to make room for our spring goods. Come in and look at them and we know you will not let such opportunities slip without buying.

SUITS.

Men's \$10 Suits, special sale.....	\$5.00
Men's \$15 Suits, special sale.....	7.50
Men's \$20 Suits, special sale.....	10.00
Youths' \$7 Suits, special sale.....	3.00
Youths' \$10 Suits, special sale.....	4.50
Youths' \$15 Suits, special sale.....	6.50
Children's 2 and 3 piece Suits, worth up to \$7, special price.....	2.00

OVERCOATS.

Men's \$7 Overcoats, special price.....	\$3.75
Men's \$10 Overcoats, special price.....	5.00
Men's \$20 Overcoats, special price.....	10.00
Men's all wool Pants \$3 value, special.....	\$1.50
Any Stiff or Soft Hat, worth up to \$3.00, special price.....	1.00
A lot of Fedora Hats, special price.....	39c
Linen Collars, staiding and lay down, small sizes, each.....	1c

J.M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

The 29c
The 49c
The 15c
The 8c

DRESS GOODS

You will not buy such Dress Goods for any such prices after these lots are gone. Sale continues till February 1st. Double Trading Stamps Given.

CLOAKS

They must be sold and we are making prices that sell them. Never such bargains before. Beautiful, well made cloaks, black and all colors; all sizes—Wom en's, Misses Children's.

BLANKETS

Surely the weather makes them a necessity. We are offering Grand Values in Blankets. Blankets do not go out of style. Why not save a good bunch of money by buying NOW. ALL PRICES.

Outing Flannel, 6c...

We cannot buy them for the price we offer them at. Commenced the sale with several thousand yards. Good ones. Can supply many more people with them, but not forever at 6c. Cotton goods are going up, you know.

SUITS

at COST and less are a good purchase. Alterations Free.

Last Week of Sale.

Double Trading Stamps Given.

Comfortable Shoes

—FOR—

..Men, Women and Children..

Friday and Saturday Prices

Women's \$4, 4.50 and \$5.00 Kid, Patent, Leather and Enamel Shoes, heavy and light \$2.98

Women \$2.50 and \$3.00 Shoes, excellent quality and good styles \$1.98

Misses' heavy and light soled Shoes, regular \$1.50 stock 98c

For these cold days a few pairs Women's Felt Slippers, regular \$1.50 grade 98c

Women's Felt Shoes, regular \$1.50 and \$1.75 grades, at \$1.19

FOR MEN

Box Calf, Vici Kid and Patent Leather Shoes, \$3.50 grade \$2.69

An exceptional value in Men's Box Calf, Union made Shoe \$2.28 at.

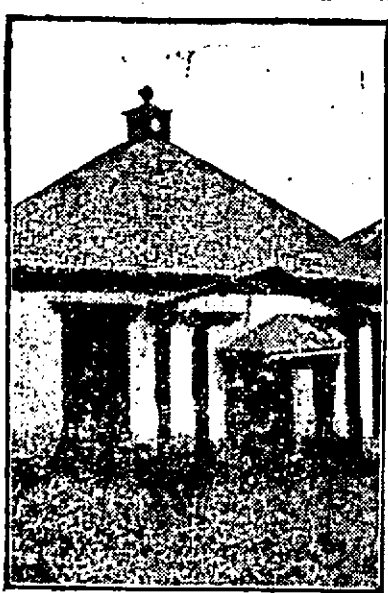
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Shine Outfit Free.

The very good shoe polish, Oil-O-Shine, in 25c packages, and with each package a splendid Shoe Shining Home Outfit Free! This polish comes in 10 and 15c sizes; it preserves the leather.

MAYNARD SHOE CO.

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ention, the overworked head or over-festined stomach were given a rest and recuperation in some of California's numerous vineyards.

Cucamonga gets its water supply from the adjacent mountains of the same name. "Cucamonga" is an Indian appellation, and means "many springs." The village is favored with the purest water supply ever known. It is crystal clear and perfectly tasteless. And this water, which a king might consider a priceless luxury on his table, is piped to every farmer's house and used for his household and irrigation.